# V. Proposed Text Changes

Note: New text is bold and underlined

Deleted text is shown with a strikethrough

Article II. - Definitions

Section 2-100 – Definitions.

2-156 Home for the elderly 2-163 Continuum of care facility.

A facility specifically designed for domiciliary use and/or care of 4 or more aged, infirm, or disabled adults, which may provide for housing progressing from independent living, with or without kitchen facilities, and culminating in assisted living with or without provisions for memory care services, where all related uses are located on the same lot. Such facility shall include services integral to the maintenance or care of residents and be regulated as an assisted living facility under Code of Virginia, title 63.2, as amended. The facility shall be administered in such a manner as to restrict occupancy of independent living units only to persons 55 years of age or older. When an independent living unit is occupied by a family, only one of such person must satisfy the 55 years of age or older requirement. This term excludes nursing or convalescent homes or hospice, and medical facilities.

A building or group of buildings specifically designed for domiciliary use and/or care of persons 55 years of age or over, which home may include but is not limited to the following: infirmary, central dining room and kitchen, medical staff and facilities, safety features and accessory buildings and uses.

Article III. – Residential Zone Regulations

Division B. – Townhouse and Multifamily Zones

Section 3-600 – RA/Multifamily zone.

3-603 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the RA zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Cemetery;
- (A.1) Day care center.
- (B) Reserved;

- (C) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (D) Noncommercial, not-for-profit facilities, including indoor and outdoor recreational facilities and community centers, designed to serve the neighborhood;
- (E) Nursery school;
- (F) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (F.1) Outdoor food and crafts market;
- (G) Private school;
- (H) Rooming house;
- (I) Seminary, convent and monastery;
- (J) Any church or school parking added after October 1, 1996 which exceeds the number of spaces required by this ordinance; provided, however, that no special use permit for such excess parking shall regulate or substantially burden any religious practice or belief.

### 3-608 – Continuum of care facilities.

- (A) A Continuum of care facility shall be a nonresidential use if the residential use does not exceed 50 percent of the floor area, except that the maximum floor area for the residential use may be increased to an amount not to exceed 70 percent of the floor area permitted by this zone with a special use permit.
- (B) The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 3-700 – RB/Townhouse zone.

3-703 Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the RB zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Cemetery;
- (B) Day care center;
- (C) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (D) Reserved:
- (E) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;

- (F) Private school;
- (G) Rooming house;
- (H) Seminary, convent and monastery;
- (I) Any church or school parking added after October 1, 1996 which exceeds the number of spaces required by this ordinance; provided, however, that no special use permit for such excess parking shall regulate or substantially burden any religious practice or belief.

### 3-708 - Continuum of care facilities.

- (A) A Continuum of care facility shall be a nonresidential use if the residential use does not exceed 50 percent of the floor area, except that the maximum floor area for the residential use may be increased to an amount not to exceed 70 percent of the floor area permitted by this zone with a special use permit.
- (B) The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 3-800 RCX/Medium density apartment zone.

3-803 Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the RCX zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Apartment hotel;
- (B) Cemetery;
- (C) Day care center;
- (D) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (E) Nursery school;
- (F) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (F.1) Outdoor food and crafts market;
- (G) Private school;
- (H) Rooming house;
- (I) Seminary, convent and monastery;

- (J) The following commercial uses in a multifamily building of four or more stories in height if limited to an area the size of the first floor or a floor below it, whichever is less, and located on the first floor or any floor below the first floor of the building:
  - (1) Bank, saving and loan bank or association, and similar financial institution;
  - (2) Barber shop or beauty shop;
  - (3) Cleaning, laundry or pressing agency with no actual operations on premises;
  - (4) Convenience store;
  - (4.1) Day care center;
  - (5) Drugstore;
  - (6) Gift shop;
  - (7) Grocery store, where products are not prepared or consumed on premises;
  - (8) Health and athletic club;
  - (9) Professional and business office, provided that no inventory, stock-in-trade, materials or supplies other than general office supplies are stored on site and that no trucks, vans or similar vehicles are parked on site outside of business hours;
  - (10) Restaurant.
- (K) Any church or school parking added after October 1, 1996 which exceeds the number of spaces required by this ordinance; provided, however, that no special use permit for such excess parking shall regulate or substantially burden any religious practice or belief.

### 3-808 - Continuum of care facilities.

- (A) A Continuum of care facility shall be a nonresidential use if the residential use does not exceed 50 percent of the floor area, except that the maximum floor area for the residential use may be increased to an amount not to exceed 70 percent of the floor area permitted by this zone with a special use permit.
- (B) The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 3-900 – RC/High density apartment zone.

3-903 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the RC zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Apartment hotel;
- (B) Cemetery;
- (C) Day care center;
- (D) Freestanding commercial buildings for office or retail use where clearly designed as part of and to serve a residential development of at least 2,000 dwelling units and where no such building exceeds 10,000 square feet;
- (E) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (F) Reserved;
- (G) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (G.1) Outdoor food and crafts market;
- (H) Private school;
- (I) Rooming house;
- (J) Seminary, convent and monastery;
- (K) The following commercial uses in a multifamily building of four or more stories in height if limited to an area the size of the first floor or a floor below it, whichever is less, and located on the first floor or any floor below the first floor of the building:
  - (1) Bank, saving and loan bank or association, and similar financial institution;
  - (2) Barber shop or beauty shop;
  - (3) Cleaning, laundry or pressing agency with no actual operations on premises;
  - (4) Convenience store;
  - (4.1) Day care center;
  - (5) Drugstore;
  - (6) Gift shop;
  - (7) Grocery store, where products are not prepared or consumed on premises;
  - (8) Health and athletic club;
  - (9) Professional and business office, provided that no inventory, stock-in-trade, materials or supplies other than general office supplies are stored on site and that no trucks, vans or similar vehicles are parked on site outside of business hours; and
  - (10) Restaurants and, in the case of a building which is seven or more stories, the restaurant may be located on the top floor or the roof of the building.
- (L) Any church or school parking added after October 1, 1996 which exceeds the number of spaces required by this ordinance; provided, however, that no special use permit for such excess parking shall regulate or substantially burden any religious practice or belief

# 3-909 – Continuum of care facilities.

- (A) A Continuum of care facility shall be a nonresidential use if the residential use does not exceed 50 percent of the floor area, except that the maximum floor area for the residential use may be increased to an amount not to exceed 70 percent of the floor area permitted by this zone with a special use permit.
- (B) The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 3-1400 RMF/Residential multifamily zone.

3-1403 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the RMF zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Townhouse, up to 30% of the total number of units.
- (B) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility.
- (C) The following uses shall be permitted with a special use permit within a multifamily building on the ground floor:
- (1) Restaurant;
- (2) Private school; academic with more than 20 students;
- (3) Health and athletic club;
- (4) Convenience store.

### 3-1405 – Bulk and open space regulations.

- (A) Yard Requirements
  - (1) Front Yard. No front yard is required except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 or the yard standards of the governing small area plan.
  - (2) Side Yards. Each end lot in a group of townhouses shall provide a side yard based on a minimum setback size of eight feet. Each other use shall provide two side yards setbacks of eight feet.

- (3) Rear Yards. Each use shall provide a rear yard based on a setback minimum size of 8 feet.
- (B) Open Space. The multifamily residential portion of each development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space. Provided however that a portion of the space which would otherwise be required as green area may be met by comparable amenities and/or facilities provided in lieu thereof if such amenities or facilities meet or exceed the beneficial purposes which such green areas would accomplish. A determination by the director or by city council in the case of a special use permit shall be made in each case as to whether the open space provided, in addition to meeting the technical definition of open space, is functional and usable or includes comparable amenities.

# (C) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:

- (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (b) Open space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

### 3-1406 – Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the RMF zone shall be as follows:

- (A) Permitted. The maximum permitted FAR shall not exceed .75.
- (B) Special use permit. The floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 if the applicant commits to providing committed affordable housing in the building or project which is the subject of the permit application in compliance with the following requirements:
  - (1) The committed affordable housing shall be equivalent to at least one third of the increase in the floor area ratio above the maximum permitted in Section 3-1405(A).
  - (2) An Affordable Housing Plan and a Relocation Plan shall be submitted consistent with published City standards for such plans.

- (3) Rents payable by households for the committed affordable units shall not, on average, exceed the maximum rents allowed under the Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit program for households with incomes at 40 percent of the area median income for the Washington D.C. Metropolitan Statistical Area. Average rents payable by households for the committed affordable units may be increased up to the maximum rents allowed under the Federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit program for households with incomes at 50 percent of the area median income for the Washington D.C. Metropolitan Statistical Area subject to the submission of a revised Affordable Housing Plan. Any existing Housing Assistance Payment contract in effect as of <effective date of the ordinance> and any extension thereof or new contract which maintains the material aspects of the existing contract shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subsection.
- (C) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is .75 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved pursuant to the provisions of 3-1406 (B), the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

Article IV. – Commercial, Office and Industrial Zones

Section 4-100 – CL/Commercial low zone.

4-103 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the CL zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-102.1;
- (A.1) Bus shelter on private property;
- (B) Congregate housing facility;
- (C.1) Day labor agency;
- (D) Reserved;
- (E) Fraternal or private club;
- (F.1) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-102.1(A.1);
- (F) Funeral home;

- (G) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (H) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (J.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-102.1;
- (J.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-102.1;
- (K) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (L) Public building;
- (M) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-102(J.1) or 4-102.1;
- (M.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (N) Rooming house;
- (O) Social service use.

# 4-105 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. For each multifamily dwelling unit 1,600 square feet of land area shall be provided and for each townhouse dwelling unit 1,980 square feet.
  - (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit, and each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage for interior lots, 26 feet of frontage for end lots and 38 feet of frontage for interior corner lots.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- 4-106 Bulk regulations.
  - (A) Yards and open space.

- (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. In the case of townhouses the side yard requirement shall apply only to interior end lots. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
  - (b) Open space. Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For lots of 5,500 square feet or less, the maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is .75. For lots larger than 5,500 square feet, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is .5 except that the floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed .75 with a special use permit.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is .75, not to exceed a maximum of 27 units for each acre for multifamily or 22 units for each acre for townhouse development.

- (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio shall not exceed .75 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 35 feet except that the height may be increased with a special use permit, provided:
  - (1) The gross height may not exceed 45 feet; and
  - (2) The roof shall be sloped with the ridge line of the roof running parallel to the street.

Section 4-200 – CC/Commercial community zone.

4-203 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the CC zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-202.1;
- (A.1) Automobile service station;
- (B) Bus shelter on private property;
- (C) Congregate housing facility;
- (D) Convenience store;
- (E) Reserved;
- (F) Reserved;
- (G) Drive through facility;
- (H) Fraternal or private club;
- (I) Funeral home;
- (I.1) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-202.1(A.1);
- (J) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (K) Light automobile repair;
- (L) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (M) Reserved;
- (N) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (N.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-202.1;
- (N.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-202.1;
- (O) Reserved;

- (P) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students at any one time;
- (Q) Public building;
- (R) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-202(I.1) or 4-202.1;
- (R.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (S) Rooming house;
- (T) Social service use.

### 4-205 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. For each multifamily dwelling unit 1,600 square feet of land area shall be provided and for each townhouse dwelling unit 1,980 square feet.
  - (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit, and each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage for interior lots, 26 feet of frontage for end lots and 38 feet of frontage for interior corner lots.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.

# (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

# 4-206 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:

- (a) Yards. Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. In the case of townhouses the side yard requirement shall apply only to interior end lots. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
- (b) Open space. Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is .5.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is .75, not to exceed a maximum of 27 units per acre for multifamily or 22 units per acre for townhouse development.
  - (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio shall not exceed .75 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 35 feet except that the height may be increased to an amount not to exceed 45 feet with a special use permit.

Section 4-300 – CSL/Commercial service low zone.

4-303 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the CSL zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to 4-302.1;
- (A.1) Automobile service station;
- (B) Automobile and trailer rental or sales area;
- (B.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Building materials storage and sales;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Catering operation;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store;
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Drive through facility;
- (K) Fraternal or private club;
- (L) Funeral home;
- (M) Glass shop;
- (M.1) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-302.1(A.1);
- (N) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (O) Laundry, dry cleaning operation;
- (O.1) Light assembly, service and crafts;
- (P) Light automobile repair;
- (Q) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (R) Reserved;
- (S) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (S.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-302.1;
- (S.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-302.1;

- (T) Parcel delivery;
- (U) Reserved;
- (V) Private school, academic or commercial, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (W) Public building;
- (X) Research and testing laboratory;
- (Y) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-302(J.1) or 4-302.1;
- (Y.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (Z) Rooming house;
- (AA) Social service use;
- (BB) Storage buildings and warehouses, not to include freight distribution centers;
- (CC) Wholesale business.

### 4-305 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. For each multifamily dwelling unit 1,600 square feet of land area shall be provided and for each townhouse dwelling unit 1,980 square feet.
  - (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit, and each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage for interior lots, 26 feet of frontage for end lots and 38 feet of frontage for interior corner lots.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

### 4-306 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplement yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Yards. Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. In the case of townhouses the side yard requirement shall apply only to interior end lots. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
    - (b) Open space. Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
  - (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
  - (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
    - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential use is .5.

- (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor are ratio for residential uses is .75, not to exceed a maximum of 27 units for each acre for multifamily or 22 units for each acre for townhouse development.
- (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is .75 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet.

Section 4-400 – CG/Commercial general zone

4-403 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the CG zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (B) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-402.1;
- (B.1) Apartment hotel;
- (C) Automobile service station;
- (D) Automobile and trailer rental or sales area;
- (D.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (E) Bus shelter on private property;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 4-402(E.1);
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Drive through facility;
- (K) Fraternal or private club;
- (L) Funeral home;
- (M) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-402(E.3) or 4-402.1(A.2);
- (N) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (O) Hospital;

- (P) Hotel;
- (Q) Laundry, dry cleaning operation;
- (R) Light automobile repair;
- (S) Medical care facility;
- (T) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (U) Reserved;
- (V) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (V.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-402.1;
- (V.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-402.1;
- (W) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (X) Public building;
- (Y) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-402(J.1) or 4-402.1;
- (Y.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (Z) Rooming house;
- (AA) Social service use.

# 4-405 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. For each multifamily dwelling unit 1,600 square feet of land area shall be provided and for each townhouse dwelling unit 1,980 square feet.
  - (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit, and each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage for interior lots, 26 feet of frontage for end lots and 38 feet of frontage for interior corner lots.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

# 4-406 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Yards. Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. In the case of townhouses the side yard requirement shall apply only to interior end lots. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
    - (b) Open space. Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
  - (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
  - (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
    - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.

- (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is .5.
- (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is .75, not to exceed a maximum of 27 units for each acre for multifamily or 22 units for each acre for townhouse development.
- (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is .75 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet.

Section 4-500 – CD/Commercial downtown zone.

4-503 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the CD zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-502.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (B.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Bed and breakfast accommodation, as permitted by section 7-400;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Catering operation;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Reserved;
- (G.1) Day labor agency;
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Drive through facility, limited to banks, savings and loan institutions and credit unions on Washington Street; provided, that access to the drive through facility is solely provided on the exclusive property of the bank, savings and loan institution or credit union offering the drive through facility;
- (I) Fraternal or private club;
- (J) Funeral home;
- (K) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-502.1(A.1);

- (L) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (M) Homeless shelter;
- (N) Hospital;
- (O) Hotel;
- (P) Medical care facility;
- (Q) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (R) Newspaper office, including printing and publishing facilities;
- (S) Reserved; (T) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (T.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-502.1;
- (T.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-502.1;
- (U) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (V) Public building;
- (W) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-502.1;
- (W.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (X) Rooming house;
- (Y) Social service use;
- (Z) Tourist home;
- (AA) Wholesale business.

### 4-505 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each multifamily structure shall provide a minimum land area of 1,245 square feet per dwelling unit except that the minimum land area for each dwelling unit may be reduced to an amount no lower than 800 square feet with a special use permit. Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a minimum land area of 1,452 square feet.
  - (2) Frontage.
    - (a) When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage.
    - (b) For single-family and two-family duplex dwellings, the minimum lot width at the front building line and the minimum lot frontage at the front lot line

- shall be 25 feet. For two-family semi-detached dwellings, the minimum lot frontage shall be 25 feet for each dwelling unit.
- (c) For townhouse dwellings, the minimum lot width at the front building line and the front lot line shall be 18 feet for interior lots; provided however that the planning commission may approve a lot width reduction on an interior lot to a minimum of 15 feet where the commission finds the reduction necessary and appropriate and:
  - (1) Three or more townhouses are being developed contemporaneously; and
  - (2) The average lot width and lot frontage in the development is at least 18 feet.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development, provided the residential component consists of three or more dwelling units.

# (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

# 4-506 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (2) Residential. For residential uses, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Front yard. The front building line shall be the same as the front lot line unless a majority of the existing buildings with frontage on the same side of the block as the proposed building have a greater setback, in which case the front building line shall be the average distance of the existing buildings from the front lot line. If there are no existing buildings, the front building line shall be the front lot line. It is the intent of this provision that in the CD zone residential buildings shall abut the sidewalk unless a greater setback has been established by the existing buildings on the same side of the block.
    - (b) Side yards.
      - (1) Each single and two-family dwelling shall provide two side yards of a minimum size of five feet. Each interior end unit in a group of townhouses shall provide one side yard of a minimum size of five feet.

- (2) Each multifamily dwelling shall provide two side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and of a minimum of 25 feet each.
- (c) Rear yard.
  - (1) Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide a rear yard based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum size of 16 feet.
  - (2) Each multifamily dwelling shall provide a rear yard based on a setback ratio of 1:1 and a minimum size of 25 feet.
- (d) Multifamily open space. Multifamily residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (e) Single-family, two-family and townhouse open and usable space.
  - (1) Each single-family, two-family and townhouse dwelling shall provide open and usable space in an amount equal to the lesser of the following:
    - (a) 35 percent of the lot area, or
    - (b) The amount existing on June 24, 1992.
  - (2) No additions to any new or existing dwelling and no accessory structure which will reduce the open and usable space below that required under section 4-506(A)(2)(e)(1) above shall be allowed to be built in back or side yards.
  - (3) Driveways and alleys shall not be considered open space for the purpose of this section 4-506(A)(2)(e). Where two or more parking spaces are provided, one parking space may be considered open space.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space

may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 1.5 except that the floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 with a special use permit.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for multifamily residential uses is 1.25, not to exceed 35 units per acre except that the number of dwelling units per acre may be increased to a number not to exceed 54.45 with a special use permit. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for single-family, two-family and townhouses dwellings is 1.50.
  - (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.5 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, a maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet, except that the maximum permitted height of a single-family, two-family or townhouse dwelling is 35 feet, provided however that such maximum height may be increased to an amount not to exceed 45 feet if the ridge line of the roof is parallel to the street and the slope of the roof is compatible with neighboring buildings.

Section 4-600 – CD-X/Commercial downtown zone (Old Town North).

4-603 – Special uses.

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-602.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (B.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Bus shelter on private property;
- (D) Catering operation;
- (E) Congregate housing facility;
- (F) Reserved;

- (F.1) Day labor agency;
- (G) Reserved;
- (H) Fraternal or private club;
- (I) Funeral home;
- (J) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-602.1(A.1);
- (K) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (L) Homeless shelter;
- (M) Hospital;
- (N) Hotel;
- (O) Medical care facility;
- (O.1) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (P) Newspaper office, including printing and publishing facilities;
- (Q) Reserved;
- (R) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (R.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-602.1;
- (R.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-602.1;
- (S) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (T) Public building;
- (U) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 4-602(K-1) or 4-602.1;
- (U.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (V) Rooming house;
- (W) Social service use;
- (X) Tourist home;
- (Y) Wholesale business.

### 4-605 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. Each multifamily and townhouse dwelling shall provide a minimum land area of

- 1,245 square feet per dwelling unit except that the minimum land area per dwelling unit may be reduced to 436 square feet with a special use permit.
- (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, and a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage; provided, however that the planning commission may approve a lot width reduction on an interior lot to a minimum of 15 feet where the commission finds the reduction necessary and appropriate and:
  - (a) Three or more townhouses are being developed contemporaneously; and
  - (b) The average lot width and lot frontage in the development is at least 18 feet.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

### 4-606 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard and setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:
    - (a) Yards. Each single-family and two-family dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each townhouse dwelling shall provide a rear yard based on a 1:2 setback ratio and a minimum of 16 feet, and each interior end unit townhouse shall provide a side yard based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these townhouse yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
    - (b) Open space. Multifamily residential development shall provide 25 percent and single-family and two-family residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and

shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 1.5, except that (1) the floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 with a special use permit and (2) in the case of a lot or parcel developed under common ownership or control, which is 12,000 square feet or less in area and located in a retail focus area, the floor area ratio may be increased to 2.5 without a special use permit if underground parking is provided consistent with section 6-504.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is 1.25, not to exceed 35 units per acre except that for properties within the area bounded by First, Third, North Royal and North Fairfax Streets the floor area ratio may be increased to 2.0, not to exceed 100 units per acre with a special use permit subject to the following standards:
    - (a) A minimum of five percent affordable housing shall be provided, or the proposal shall meet the requirements of the city wide affordable housing policy in effect at the time the application is submitted, whichever requirement is greater. The location of the affordable housing (on or off site) shall be determined by the city.
    - (b) No parking reductions for residential and office uses shall be granted, and all such parking shall be located below grade.

- (c) All overhead utilities (existing and proposed) on all public street frontages shall be located underground.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (C) of this section 4-606, the maximum height shall not exceed 50 feet, with portions of the buildings and/or townhouses providing significant variation in building heights less than 50 feet.
- (e) All units shall orient their facades with main entries toward a public street, and mews units are discouraged.
- (f) The buildings or townhouses shall be consistent with traditional architectural style, scale and treatment. Exterior materials shall be limited to masonry (brick, stone or precast), wood and comparable high quality materials.
- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (A)(2)(b) of this section 4-606, a minimum of 25 percent ground level open and usable space shall be provided. Such space shall be visually and physically accessible from a public street. A portion of such space shall be subject to a public access and use easement. Public art and/or sculpture shall be provided within such space. (h) Pedestrian and streetscape improvements shall be provided, including but not limited to the provision of continuous brick sidewalks, street trees and public connections to the waterfront or existing parkland, to the extent possible.
- (i) Green and sustainable building technologies shall be incorporated as part of the building and building systems.
- (j) The development shall comply with the Old Town North Urban Design Guidelines.
- (k) The retail requirement within a retail focus area shall be a minimum of 10 percent of the area of each lot in the retail focus area, and subject to the provisions of section 6-500 of this ordinance.
- (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.5 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is that height indicated in the Old Town North Small Area Plan.

Section 4-800 – OC/Office commercial zone.

4-803 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the OC zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-802.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (C) Automobile service station;
- (C.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Catering operation;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store other than pursuant to section 4-802(E.1);
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Drive through facility;
- (K) Fraternal or private club;
- (L) Funeral home;
- (M) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-802(E.3) or 4-802.1(A.1);
- (N) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (O) Homeless shelter;
- (P) Hospital;
- (Q) Hotel;
- (R) Interstate bus station;
- (S) Light automobile repair;
- (T) Medical care facility;
- (U) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (V) Reserved;
- (W) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (W.1) Outdoor food and crafts market other than pursuant to section 4-802.1;
- (W.2) Outdoor garden center other than pursuant to section 4-802.1;
- (X) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (Y) Public building;

- (Z) Research and testing laboratory;
- (AA) Restaurant, other than pursuant to sections 4-802(K.1) and 4-802.1;
- (AA.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (BB) Rooming house;
- (CC) Social service use;
- (DD) Wholesale business.

### 4-805 – Area regulations.

- (A) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses there are no lot size or frontage requirements.
- (B) Residential.
  - (1) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit. Each multifamily or townhouse use shall provide a minimum land area of 800 square feet for each multifamily dwelling unit or 1,600 square feet for each townhouse unit.
  - (2) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, two-family duplex dwelling and multifamily dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit, and each townhouse dwelling requires a minimum of 18 feet of frontage for interior lots, 26 feet of frontage for end lots and 38 feet of frontage for interior corner lots.
- (C) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.

# (D) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility there are no lot size or frontage requirements.

### 4-806 – Bulk regulations.

- (A) Yards and open space.
  - (1) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard or setback regulations pursuant to section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.

- (2) Residential. For residential uses the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. Each single-family, and two-family dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each townhouse dwelling shall provide a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of 25 feet, and each interior end unit townhouse shall provide a side yard based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each multifamily dwelling shall comply with these townhouse yard requirements except that side yards shall be based on a setback ratio of 1:2 and a minimum of 16 feet.
  - (b) Open space. Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard and open space regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. For a Continuum of care facility, the following yard and open space requirements apply:
  - (a) Yards. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
  - (b) Open Space. The development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (B) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 1.00.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is 1.25, not to exceed 54.45 units per acre for multifamily or 22 units per acre for townhouse development.
  - (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio shall not exceed 1.25 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the

# proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

(C) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet.

Section 4-900 – OCM(50)/Office commercial medium (50) zone.

4-903 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the OCM(50) zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-902.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (C) Automobile service station;
- (C.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Catering operation, other than pursuant to [section] 4-902.1(H);
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 4-902(E.1);
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Drive through facility;
- (K) Fraternal or private club;
- (L) Funeral home;
- (M) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-902(E.3) or 4-902.1(A.1);
- (N) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (O) Homeless shelter;
- (P) Hospital;
- (Q) Hotel;
- (R) Interstate bus station:
- (R.1) Light assembly, service, and crafts, other than pursuant to [section] 4-902.1(I);

- (S) Light automobile repair;
- (T) Medical care facility;
- (U) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (V) Reserved;
- (W) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (W.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-902.1;
- (W.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-902.1;
- (X) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time;
- (Y) Public building;
- (Z) Research and testing laboratory;
- (AA) Restaurant, other than pursuant to sections 4-902(K.1) and 4-902.1;
- (AA.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (BB) Rooming house;
- (CC) Social service use;
- (DD) Wholesale business.

# 4-905 – Area and bulk regulations.

## (A) Yards.

- (1) For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard or setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (2) For residential uses the following yard requirements apply: Each single-family, and two-family dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each interior end unit townhouse shall provide a side yard based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (B) Open space.

- (1) Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (2) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (C) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 1.50.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is 1.50, not to exceed one dwelling unit for each 800 square feet of lot area or 54.45 units for each acre.
  - (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.50 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (D) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet, except that additional height up to a maximum of 77 feet may be approved with a special use permit.
- (E) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit.
- (F) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling and two-family duplex dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, and a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit.
- (G) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.

Section 4-1000 – OCM(100)/Office commercial medium (100) zone.

# 4-1003 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the OCM (100) zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Single-family, two-family, townhouse and multi-family dwellings on lots located within 1,000 feet of the centerline of Eisenhower Avenue;
- (A.2) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-1002.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (C) Automobile service station;
- (C.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Catering operation, other than pursuant to section 4-1002.1;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 4-1002(E.1);
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Reserved;
- (J) Drive through facility;
- (K) Fraternal or private club;
- (L) Funeral home;
- M) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 4-1002(E.3) or 4-1002.1(A.1);
- (N) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (O) Homeless shelter;
- (P) Hospital;
- (Q) Hotel;
- (R) Interstate bus station;
- (R.1) Light assembly, service, and crafts, other than pursuant to [section] 4-1002.1(H.I);
- (S) Light automobile repair, other than pursuant to section 4-1002.1;
- (T) Medical care facility;
- (U) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (V) Reserved;

- (W) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (W.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-1002.1;
- (W.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-1002.1;
- (X) Private school, academic;
- (Y) Public building;
- (Z) Research and testing;
- (AA) Restaurant, other than pursuant to sections 4-1002(K.1) and 4-1002.1;
- (AA.1) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (BB) Rooming house;
- (CC) Social service use;
- (DD) Wholesale business.

### 4-1005 – Area and bulk regulations.

### (A) Yards.

- (1) For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard or setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (2) For residential uses the following yard requirements apply: Each single-family, and two-family dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each interior end unit townhouse shall provide a side yard based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet.
- (3) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.

# (4) Continuum of care facility. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.

### (B) Open space.

(1) Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

- (2) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (C) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 1.50.
  - (2) Residential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for residential uses is 1.50, not to exceed one dwelling unit for 800 square feet of lot area or 54.45 units for each acre.
  - (3) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.50 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (D) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 100 feet, except that additional height up to a maximum of 150 feet may be approved with a special use permit.
- (E) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit.
- (F) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling and two-family duplex dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, and a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit.
- (G) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.

Section 4-1100 – OCH/Office commercial high zone.

4-1103 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the OCH zone pursuant to a special use permit:

(A) Amusement enterprise;

- (A.1) Single-family, two-family, townhouse and multi-family dwellings on lots located within 1,000 feet of the centerline of Eisenhower Avenue;
- (A.2) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-1102.1;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (C) Automobile service station;
- (C.1) Food and beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (D) Bus shelter on private property;
- (E) Congregate housing facility;
- (F) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 4-1102(E.1);
- (G) Reserved;
- (H) Reserved;
- (H.1) Day labor agency;
- (I) Drive through facility;
- (J) Fraternal or private club;
- (K) Funeral home;
- (L) Health and athletic club other than pursuant to section 4-1102(E.3) or 4-1102.1(A.1);
- (M) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (N) Homeless shelter;
- (O) Hotel;
- (P) Interstate bus station;
- (Q) Light automobile repair;
- (R) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (S) Reserved;
- (T) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (T.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-1102.1;
- (T.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-1102.1;
- (U) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (V) Public building;
- (W) Restaurant, other than pursuant to sections 4-1102(L.1) and 4-1102.1;
- (X) Retail shopping or personal service establishments on a lot which does not include office buildings, provided such use supports and serves office uses in the immediate zoned area;

- (X.1) Retail shopping establishment, on the same lot as office use, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (Y) Rooming house;
- (Z) Social service use;
- (AA) Wholesale business.

## 4-1105- Area and bulk regulations.

## (A) Yards.

- (1) For nonresidential uses, there are no yard or open space requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the supplemental yard or setback regulations of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (2) For residential uses the following yard requirements apply: Each single-family, and two-family dwelling shall provide a front yard of 20 feet; a rear yard based on a 1:1 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet; and side yards based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet. Each interior end unit townhouse shall provide a side yard based on a 1:3 setback ratio and a minimum of eight feet.
- (3) Mixed use. When development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential yard regulations shall be applicable to the residential component of the development.
- (4) Continuum of care facility. There are no yard requirements except as may be applicable pursuant to the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (B) Open space.
  - (1) Residential development shall provide 40 percent of the area of the lot as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
  - (2) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.
- (C) Floor area ratio.

- (1) Nonresidential. The maximum permitted floor area ratio for nonresidential uses is 2.0, except:
  - (a) The maximum permitted floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 with a special use permit; or
  - (b) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 3.0 for a lot of record existing on June 24, 1992 that contains less than 15,000 square feet all or a portion of which is within 1,000 feet of the King Street Metro Station; provided however that this subparagraph shall not apply to lots abutting King Street, nor to lots west of Daingerfield Road.

# (2) Residential.

- (a) For residential uses other than those specified by section 4-1105(C)(2)(b) below, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25, not to exceed one dwelling unit for each 800 square feet of lot area or 54.45 units an acre.
- (b) For residential uses located within 1,000 feet of a metrorail station the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 2.0, except that the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 with a special use permit.
- (3) Transition special use permits. For land within the boundaries of a project approved by a transition special use permit which was valid as of November 1, 1994 and is located within 1,000 feet of a metrorail station, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 3.0, without regard to lot lines, with a special use permit.

## (4) Continuum of care facility.

- (a) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (b) For continuum of care facilities located with 1,000 feet of a metrorail station, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 2.0 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (D) Height. The maximum permitted height of a building is 100 feet, provided that additional height up to a maximum of 150 feet may be approved with a special use permit.
- (E) Lot size. Each single-family dwelling shall be located on a lot with a minimum land area of 5,000 square feet. In the case of a two-family dwelling, the lot shall contain 2,500 square feet of land area for each dwelling unit.

- (F) Frontage. When measured at both the front lot line and the front building line, each single-family dwelling, and two-family duplex dwelling requires a minimum of 50 feet of frontage, and a semi-detached dwelling requires a minimum frontage of 37.5 feet for each dwelling unit.
- (G) Mixed use. When a development includes both residential and nonresidential uses, the residential lot size and frontage regulations shall apply to the residential component of the development.

Section 4-1400 – NR/Neighborhood retail zone (Arlandria).

4-1404 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed with a special use permit:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (A.1) Animal care facility with overnight accommodation, other than pursuant to section 4-1403.1;
- (B) Banks, business and professional offices, medical offices and laundromats, other than pursuant section 4-1403(A)(3);
- (C) Convenience store;
- (D) Public parking lot;
- (E) Private school, commercial, with more than 20 students on the premises at any one time or with a frontage of more than 30 feet along Mount Vernon Avenue;
- (F) Fraternal or private club;
- (G) Live theater, other than pursuant to section 4-1403.1(H);
- (H) Bus shelter on private property;
- (I) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (J) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 4-1403.1(C);
- (K) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (L) Public building;
- (M) Restaurant, other than pursuant to sections 4-1403(A)(4) and 4-1403.1(A.1);
- (N) Townhouse dwellings, subject to the RB regulations for density, lot requirements, bulk and open space, and height and; allowed only in locations where the development of residential units will not interfere with the existing or the creation of the desired streetscape pattern of contiguous and active retail uses.
- (O) Congregate housing facility;
- (P) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to sections 4-1403(A)(8) or 4-1403.1(I)

- (Q) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (R) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 4-1403.1(B);
- (S) Public building;
- (U) Social service use.

4-1408 – Bulk regulations.

The following bulk regulations shall apply:

- (A) Build-to line.
  - (1) Build-to line. Each building shall meet a build-to line of 10 feet as measured from the front property line. In cases of exceptional design, desired restaurant use with outdoor seating or other public benefit where it is desirable to have an increased setback, the build-to line may be increased to a maximum of 20 feet as measured from the front property line, subject to the review and approval of the director of planning and zoning. Except as specifically approved by the director of planning and zoning to accommodate a desired urban form or where there is no other means of access to the rear of the site, the facade of buildings shall be constructed along the full length of the property facing the street. This requirement may be modified where the lot has frontage on more than one street.
  - (B) FAR.
    - (1) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 0.5.
    - (2) For a mixed use project that includes ground floor retail uses, the maximum floor area ratio is 1.5 with a special use permit.
    - (3) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 0.5 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 1.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
  - (C) Height. The maximum permitted building height along the street is 35 feet, except that the maximum permitted building height may be increased to an amount not to exceed 50 feet with a building step back of 15 feet from the facade of the building, and where it is found to be compatible with surrounding development. The minimum building height shall be 25 feet.

Article V. – Mixed Use Zones

Section 5-100 – CRMU-L/Commercial residential mixed use (low).

# 5-103 – Special uses.

The following uses may be approved, pursuant to the procedures and regulations for special use permits and subject to the criteria of section 5-109 below:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (B.1) Food or beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Bus shelter on private property;
- (D) Congregate housing facility;
- (E) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 5-102(C.1);
- (F) Reserved;
- (G) Drive through facility;
- (H) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 5-102(C.3) or 5-102.1(A);
- (I) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (J) Hotel;
- (K) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (K.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 5-102.1;
- (K.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 5-102.1;
- (L) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (M) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (N) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 5-102 (G.1) or 5-102.1;
- (O) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (P) Social service use.

## 5-105 – Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the CRMU-L zone depends on whether a single use or mixture of uses is proposed and whether a special use permit is sought.

- (A) *Single use*. If a parcel is developed for only commercial use or for only residential use, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is:
  - (1) Commercial: .75, or
  - (2) Residential: 1.0.

- (B) *Mixed use*. If a parcel is developed for both commercial and residential use, and the residential use constitutes at least 25 percent of the floor space of the development, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.0.
- (C) Mixed use or residential/SUP. If at least 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development is for residential use and a special use permit is approved, the maximum permitted floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 1.5.
- (D) <u>Continuum of care facility</u>. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.0 including .25 of retail use, and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 1.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

5-107 - Open space requirements.

(A) Each residential development or residential portion of a mixed use development shall provide a minimum of 40 percent of land area as open and usable space; provided however that a portion of the space which would otherwise be required as green area may be met by comparable amenities and/or facilities provided in lieu thereof if such amenities or facilities meet or exceed the beneficial purposes which such green areas would accomplish. A determination by the director or by council in the case of a special use permit shall be made in each case as to whether the open space provided, in addition to meeting the technical definition of open space, is functional and usable.

(B) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 5-200 – CRMU-M/Commercial residential mixed use (medium).

5-203 – Special uses.

The following uses may be approved, pursuant to the procedures and regulations for special use permits and subject to the criteria of section 5-209 below:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (B.1) Food or beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Bus shelter on private property;

- (D) Congregate housing facility;
- (E) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 5-202(C.1);
- (F) Reserved;
- (G) Drive through facility;
- (H) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 5-202(C.3) or 5-202.1(A);
- (I) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (J) Hotel;
- (K) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (L) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (L.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 5-202.1;
- (L.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 5-202.1;
- (M) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (N) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 5-202(G.1) or 5-202.1(A.1);
- (O) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (P) Social service use.

#### 5-205 Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the CRMU-M zone depends on whether a single use or mixture of uses is proposed and whether a special use permit is sought.

- (A) *Single use.* If a parcel is developed for only commercial use or for only residential use, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is:
  - (1) Commercial: .75 FAR, or
  - (2) Residential: 1.0 FAR.

In the case of either (1) or (2), an additional .25 of retail use is permitted.

- (B) *Mixed use*. If a parcel is developed for both commercial and residential use, and the residential use constitutes at least 25 percent of the floor space of the development, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.0 plus an additional .25 of retail use.
- (C) Mixed use or residential/SUP. If at least 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development is for residential use and if the commercial use within such a development does not exceed a floor area ratio of .75, then, with a special use permit, the maximum permitted floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.0.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25 including .25 of retail use, and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit

is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.0 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

## 5-207 - Open space requirements.

- (A) Each residential development or residential portion of a mixed use development shall provide a minimum of 40 percent of land area as open and usable space; provided however that a portion of the space which would otherwise be required as green area may be met by comparable amenities and/or facilities provided in lieu thereof if such amenities or facilities meet or exceed the beneficial purposes which such green areas would accomplish. A determination by the director or by council in the case of a special use permit shall be made in each case as to whether the open space provided, in addition to meeting the technical definition of open space, is functional and usable.
- (B) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 5-300 – CRMU-H/Commercial residential mixed use (high).

5-303 – Special uses.

The following uses may be approved, pursuant to the procedures and regulations for special use permits and subject to the criteria of section 5-309 below:

- (A) Amusement enterprise;
- (B) Apartment hotel;
- (B.1) Food or beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (C) Bus shelter on private property;
- (D) Congregate housing facility;
- (E) Convenience store, other than pursuant to section 5-302(C.1);
- (F) Reserved;
- (G) Drive through facility;
- (H) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 5-302(C.3) or 5-302.1(A);
- (I) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;

- (I.1) Homeless shelter;
- (J) Hotel;
- (K) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (L) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (L.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 5-302.1;
- (L.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 5-302.1;
- (M) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (N) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 5-302(G.1) or 5-302.1(A.1);
- (O) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (P) Social service use.

#### 5-305 Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the CRMU-H zone depends on whether a single use or mixture of uses is proposed and whether a special use permit is sought.

- (A) *Single use.* If a parcel is developed for only commercial use or for only residential use, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is:
  - (1) Commercial: 1.25, or
  - (2) Residential: 1.25.

In the case of either (1) or (2), an additional .25 of retail use is permitted.

- (B) *Mixed use.* If a parcel is developed for both commercial and residential use, and the residential use constitutes at least 25 percent of the floor space of the development, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25 plus an additional .25 of retail use.
- (C) *Mixed use or residential/SUP*. If at least 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development is for residential use and if the commercial use within such a development does not exceed a floor area ratio of 1.25, then, with a special use permit, the maximum permitted floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.5 including .25 of retail use, and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

## 5-307 - Open space requirements.

- (A) Each residential development or residential portion of a mixed use development shall provide a minimum of 40 percent of land area as open and usable space; provided however that a portion of the space which would otherwise be required as green area may be met by comparable amenities and/or facilities provided in lieu thereof if such amenities or facilities meet or exceed the beneficial purposes which such green areas would accomplish. A determination by the director or by council in the case of a special use permit shall be made in each case as to whether the open space provided, in addition to meeting the technical definition of open space, is functional and usable.
- (B) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 5-400 – CRMU-X/Commercial residential mixed use (Old Town North) zone.

5-403 – Special uses.

The following uses may be approved, subject to the procedures and regulations for special use permits and subject to the limitations of section 5-609 below:

- (A) Multifamily dwelling;
- (B) Amusement enterprise;
- (C) Animal care facility with no overnight accommodation;
- (C.1) Apartment hotel;
- (C.2) Food or beverage production exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (D) Business and professional office;
- (E) Bus shelter on private property;
- (F) Congregate housing facility;
- (G) Convenience store;
- (H) Reserved;
- (I) Fraternal or private club;
- (J) Health and athletic club, other than pursuant to section 5-402.1(A);
- (K) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (L) Hotel;

- (M) Medical care facility;
- (N) Medical laboratory;
- (O) Medical office;
- (O.1) Motor vehicle parking or storage for more than 20 vehicles;
- (P) Nursing or convalescent home or hospice;
- (P.1) Outdoor food and crafts market, other than pursuant to section 5-402.1;
- (P.2) Outdoor garden center, other than pursuant to section 5-402.1;
- (Q) Reserved;
- (R) Reserved;
- (S) Private school, academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (T) Public building;
- (U) Radio or television broadcasting office and studio;
- (V) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 5-402.1;
- (W) Retail shopping establishment, larger than 20,000 gross square feet;
- (X) Social service use.

## 5-406 – Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the CRMU-X zone depends on whether a townhouse development, an all residential development or a mixture of uses is proposed and whether a special use permit is sought.

- (A) *Single use/townhouses*. If no special use permit is sought, only townhouses at a maximum floor area ratio of 1.5 are permitted.
- (B) *Mixed use, residential or commercial/SUP*. If a special use permit is approved, the floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 and the following uses may be developed:
  - (1) All residential;
  - (2) Mixed use, provided that 41.8 percent of the floor area must be devoted to residential use unless (a) the CRMU-X site is within a retail focus area as provided in section 6-503, in which case the required residential floor area may be reduced to 33.33 percent, with 8.5 percent required for ground floor retail space; or (b) the residential component is devoted exclusively to townhouses and such townhouses and the parking therefor occupies one-third of the entire development site, in which case the required residential floor area may be reduced to 20 percent, or
  - (3) All commercial, provided: (a) that the retail focus area requirements of section 6-503 shall apply to the entire project area regardless of whether or not the entire project area

is designated as a retail focus area in the Old Town North Small Area Plan Chapter of the 1992 Master Plan of the City of Alexandria; (b) the required retail square footage for the project calculated pursuant to section 6-503(A) shall be increased by an amount equal to 50 percent of the required retail square footage; and (c) the project incorporates along all major street frontages either (i) adequate retail space; (ii) adequate open and usable public space; (iii) substantial plantings; or (iv) appropriate architectural treatments to create a sense of vitality, activity and security attractive to pedestrians and enforcing the pedestrian oriented streetscape, as determined by city council.

- (C) Calculation of floor area ratio and uses. For the purpose of calculating the mix of uses under this section 5-606, all uses other than townhouse and multifamily dwellings, homes for the elderly and congregate housing facilities are considered commercial.
- (D) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.5 including .25 of retail use, and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.5 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

5-408 – Open space requirements.

- (A) The multifamily residential portion of each development shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space; provided however that a portion of the space which would otherwise be required as green area may be met by comparable amenities and/or facilities provided in lieu thereof if such amenities or facilities meet or exceed the beneficial purposes which such green areas would accomplish. A determination by the director or by council in the case of a special use permit shall be made in each case as to whether the open space provided, in addition to meeting the technical definition of open space, is functional and usable or includes comparable amenities.
- (B) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 5-500 – W-1/Waterfront mixed use zone.

5-503 – Special uses.

The following uses may be allowed in the W-1 zone pursuant to a special use permit:

- (A) Commercial outdoor recreation facility;
- (B) Commercial shipping and freight terminal;

- (C) Facilities used for docking or berthing of boats or ships, including public or private marinas and/or boat docks with related facilities limited to water and electricity connections;
- (D) Health and athletic club;
- (E) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
- (F) Nursery school;
- (G) Outdoor food and crafts market;
- (H) Reserved;
- (I) Privately owned public use building such as civic auditorium or performing arts center;
- (J) Restaurant;
- (K) Retail shopping establishment, other than pursuant to section 5-502(F.1);
- (L) Reserved;
- (M) Reserved;
- (N) Utilities, as permitted by section 7-1200;
- (O) Hotel, consistent with the Development Goals and Guidelines for Development Sites in the Waterfront small area plan;
- (P) Uses 5,000 square feet or larger that foster art, history and cultural awareness through increased understanding and training, such as museums, schools and cultural institutions.

#### 5-504 – Floor area ratio.

The permitted floor area ratio of a development in the W-1 zone depends on whether a single use or mixture of uses is proposed and whether a special use permit is sought.

- (A) Single use. If a parcel is developed for only commercial use or for only residential use, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is:
  - (1) Commercial: .75, or
  - (2) Residential: 1.0

In the case of either (1) or (2), an additional .25 of retail use is permitted.

- (B) Mixed use. If a parcel is developed for both commercial and residential use, and the residential use constitutes at least 25 percent of the floor space of the development, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.0 plus an additional .25 of retail use.
- (C) Mixed use or residential/SUP. If at least 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development is for residential use and if the commercial use within such a development does not exceed a floor area ratio of .75, then, with a special use permit, the maximum permitted floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.0.

- (D) Development sites in waterfront plan/SUP. For property that is part of a development site identified in the waterfront small area plan, with a special use permit, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased provided the development meets and is consistent with the Development Goals and Guidelines listed in the Waterfront plan for the property.
- (E) Continuum of care facility. The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25 including .25 of retail use and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 2.0 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

5-508 - Open and usable space.

(A) Residential uses shall provide a minimum of 300 square feet of open and usable space per dwelling unit, exclusive of any area required for off-street parking. The location and shape of such space shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level and which are accessible to all residents of the development if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would. In addition, each use, development or project adjacent to the Potomac River shall provide an open space walkway and bike way adjacent to the high watermark of the Potomac River.

(B) Continuum of care facilities shall provide a minimum of 25 percent of land area as open and usable space, the location and shape of which shall be subject to the director's determination that it is functional and usable space for residents, visitors and other persons. Such open space may be located on landscaped roofs or other areas fully open to the sky which are not at ground level if the director determines that such space functions as open space for residents to the same extent that ground level open space would.

Section 5-600 – CDD/Coordinated development district.

5-602 - Coordinated development districts created, consistency with master plan, required approvals.

(A) The CDD districts, as shown on Table 1, are as follows:

Table 1. Coordinated Development Districts

CDD Name	With a CDD Special Use Permit

CDD No.		Without a CDD Special Use Permit	Maximum F.A.R. and/or Development Levels	Maximum Height	Uses
1	Duke Street	OC Zone Regulations apply except that: - maximum F.A.R. is 1.25 within 1,000 linear feet of the King Street Metro Station kiosk and 1.0 elsewhere - maximum heights shall be 77 feet	2.62	200 feet, with an average height of 150 feet, except that: - heights on Duke Street limited to 77 feet or 82 feet with ground floor commercial - height up to 217 feet permitted for one building for the U.S. PTO - Federal Courthouse limited to 250 feet	Mix of uses, including office, retail, residential, hotel, active and passive recreation, daycare and other support facilities
2	Eisenhower Avenue Metro	OC zoning regulations apply except that: - maximum F.A.R. is 1.25, except 2.0 with an architectural design SUP as specified in the master plan - maximum heights shall be	The development controls for each development block including allowable gross floor area (AGFA), maximum building	The development controls for each development block including maximum building height, are delineated in Figure 4-9 of the Eisenhower	Mix of uses including office, residential and retail along with active and passive recreation opportunities.

100 feet, except	height, the	East Small	
on property	size of public	Area Plan.	
known as the	open spaces,		
Hoffman Tract,	the principal		
where the	use of the		
maximum height	property and		
shall not exceed	the desired		
150 feet. Any	amount of		
project proposed	ground-level		
for development	retail space,		
under the OC	are delineated		
Office	in Figure 4-9		
Commercial	of the		
zoning shall	Eisenhower		
conform to the	East Small		
Architectural	Area Plan. In		
Principles and	addition,		
Design	development		
Guidelines	shall be in		
outlined in the	accordance		
Eisenhower East	with the		
Plan.	guidelines in		
Development is	the		
prohibited on	Eisenhower		
any portion of	East Small		
the property	Area Plan.		
delineated in the			
Master Plan as	All proposed		
public open	development		
space or	shall be		
roadways,	reviewed for		
however, this	compliance		
restriction is not	with the		
intended to	design		
affect the	guidelines by		
amount of total	the		
development on	Eisenhower		
the parcel.	East Design		

			Review Board.		
3	Cameron Center	OC zoning regulations apply except that: - maximum of 1.5 F.A.R. allowed - maximum heights shall be 77 feet	2.5	200 feet with a variety of building heights, or, if the use is predominately residential, 225 feet with a variety of building heights	Mix of uses including office, retail and either residential or hotel
4	Winkler Tract	OC Zone regulations apply for the existing office and vacant areas, the CG zone regulations shall apply for the shopping center area and the RA zone regulations shall apply for the existing residential areas, with the following additional provisions:  - the F.A.R. of the existing development shall not increase over the existing F.A.R.  - the F.A.R. does	1.0 F.A.R. except that - the existing development in the CDD should be maintained at existing densities	150 feet except that consideration will be given to two buildings of not more than 250 feet each	Existing uses, office or mixed use including office, retail service, public schools, and residential

not exceed 1.0		
on the vacant		
portion of the		
site		
- at least 43		
acres shall be		
maintained in or		
adjacent to		
Botanical		
Preserve and not		
used for F.A.R.		
- in area		
bounded by		
Beauregard,		
Seminary, I-395		
and Roanoke,		
heights may rise		
to 100 feet		
except:		
- no building		
shall be		
constructed		
within 50 feet of		
curb of		
Beauregard		
- building		
height may only		
exceed 50 feet		
by one foot for		
each foot set		
back beyond 50		
feet from the		
curb of		
Beauregard, up		
to maximum		
height of 100		
feet		

5	Stone Tract	RA zone regulations apply	1.5 F.A.R. for commercial 54.45 Dwelling Units/Acre for residential	150 feet	Residential and commercial
6	Mt. Vernon Village Center/Birchmere	NR zone regulations shall apply except that the FAR shall not exceed 0.5 for nonresidential and 0.75 for a mixed use project including residential and ground floor retail uses	Up to 3.0 gross floor area (GFA) including above-grade parking for the total mixed use development. (See CDD guidelines for definition of GFA Development shall be consistent with the CDD guidelines and the Arlandria Neighborhood Plans, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan	Maximum permitted building height along the street is 35 feet. Building height may be increased to 50 feet with a minimum building step back of 15 feet from the front facade of the building Additional building height may be allowed as outlined in the CDD guidelines	Retail, office residential Development of uses fronting on Mt. Vernon Avenue shall consist of pedestrian-oriented uses as listed in the NR zone with office and/or residential uses above the ground floor to create an integrated mixed use development.
7	Route 1 Properties	RB zone regulations apply along Reed Avenue, the RC zone regulations apply along Commonwealth	For the north side of East Reed Avenue, a maximum 27 dwelling units per acre, provided that	45 feet	Mix of uses including office, retail, residential, hotel and open space. On the north

Avenue to a	a minimum of	side of East
depth of 100 feet	10 percent of	Reed Avenue,
except as	the total	the preferred
provided below	number of	land use is
and the OC zone	units are made	residential
regulations apply	affordable as	townhouse
on the remainder	defined in the	uses; however,
of the site	city affordable	stacked
provided that:	housing	townhouse uses
- heights in the	policy.	may be
area along	Development	permitted,
Commonwealth	shall comply	provided they
Avenue shall not	with the CDD	are arranged on
exceed 45 feet;	guidelines	the site to create
	adopted in the	variety in the
	Potomac West	streetscape,
	Small Area	minimize the
	Plan.	number of curb
		cuts along East
- the use of		Reed Avenue,
automobile and		and provide
trailer rental or		ground-level,
sales be		usable open
permitted with a		space.
special use		
permit on the		
portion of the		
site governed by		
the OC zone		
regulations and		
surface parking		
associated with		
the use of		
automobile and		
trailer rental or		
sales within 85		
feet of		
Commonwealth		
Avenue and car		
lift parking		
 I		1

8	Trade Center	within the remaining 15 feet be permitted with a special use permit.  CG zone regulations apply			Mix of retail and residential uses with limited office
9	Cameron Station	R-8 zone regulations apply	Up to 2,510 residential units may be permitted*; up to 30,000 square feet of retail space; and up to 80,000 square feet for a public school; all on 97 acres * Actual number of units to be determined as part of CDD concept plan amendments submitted in conjunction with the unapproved phases (V and VI).	45 feet along Duke Street and First Street, except two buildings up to 55 feet at the entrance to the development from the park road, to 55 feet at the center of the area, and to 77 feet along the railroad tracks, with a limited number of buildings to 120 feet along the southern portion of the site	Residential, retail, open space and public school
10	Potomac Yards/Greens	The RB zone regulations shall apply to the area	Up to 1.747.346 <sup>2</sup> square feet of	Heights shall be as shown on the map	Pre-dominantly residential, with a mix of land

	south of the	office space,	entitled	uses to include
	Monroe Avenue	except that	"Predominate	home for the
	Bridge and east	office square	Height Limits	<del>elderly</del>
	of the Metro	footage may	for CDD"	continuum of
	Tracks, the CSL	be converted	(Map No. 24,	care facility,
	zone regulations	to retail	Potomac	office, retail
	shall apply on	square footage	Yard/Potomac	and service,
l t	the first 250 feet	through the	Greens Small	hotel, parks and
	east of Rte 1,	special use	Area Plan	open spaces,
	and the I zone	permit	Chapter of	and community
ı	regulations shall	process.	1992 Master	facilities.
	apply on the	P	Plan) as may	
r	remainder of the	Up to 325,000	be revised.	
	site; except that	square feet of		
	the U/T	home for the		
r	regulations shall	<del>elderly</del>		
	apply to an area	continuum of		
	approximately	<u>care</u> use,		
	120 feet wide	which may		
1	ocated just west	include up to		
	of the Metrorail	150 dwelling		
	right-of-way	units.		
	(area shown on	Up to 170		
	the plat for Case	hotel rooms.		
	REZ #95-0005)	Up to 163,817		
	for the purpose	square feet of		
	of	retail space. <sup>2</sup>		
	accommodating	Up to 2,239		
	he relocated rail	residential		
	mainline on the	units.		
l y	yard, and except	Note 2: Office		
	also that the area	floor area may		
	known as the	be converted		
	"Piggyback	to ground		
	Yard" and	floor retail use		
	Slaters Lane	through a		
	portion of	special use		
	Potomac Yard	permit.		
(	as shown on the	periint.		
	plat for Case			
	-			

		REZ #95-0004)			
		may be			
		developed			
		pursuant to the			
		CRMU-L zone			
		provided that the			
		Piggyback Yard:			
		- shall contain no			
		more than 275			
		dwelling units;			
		- shall contain no			
		more than			
		60,000 square			
		feet of			
		commercial			
		space, of which			
		no more than			
		30,000 square			
		feet shall be			
		office;			
		- shall be			
		planned and			
		developed			
		pursuant to a			
		special use			
		permit;			
		- shall have a			
		maximum height			
		of 50 feet;			
		- shall generally			
		be consistent			
		with the goals			
		and the			
		guidelines of the			
		small area plan.			
		OCM(100)	The	The	Mix of uses
11	South	OCM(100)	The		
	Carlyle	zoning	development controls for	development controls for	including
		regulations shall	controls for	controls for	office,

ampley assessed	20.01	20.01.	magidantial and
apply except	each	each	residential and
that:	development	development	retail along with
- maximum FAR	block	block including	active and
without an SUP	including	maximum	passive
shall be 1.0	allowable	building	recreation
- maximum	gross floor	height, are	opportunities.
height without	area (AGFA),	delineated in	
an SUP for all	maximum	Figure 4-10 of	
property within	building	the Eisenhower	
the South	height, the	East Small	
Carlyle CDD	size of public	Area Plan.	
shall not exceed	open spaces,		
100 feet. Any	the principal		
project proposed	use of the		
for development	property and		
under the	the desired		
OCM(100)	amount of		
Office	ground-level		
Commercial	retail space,		
Medium zoning	are delineated		
shall conform to	in Figure 4-10		
the Architectural	of the		
Principles and	Eisenhower		
Design	East Small		
Guidelines	Area Plan. In		
outlined in the	addition		
Eisenhower East	development		
Plan.	shall be in		
Development is	accordance		
prohibited on	with the		
any portion of	guidelines in		
the property	the		
delineated in the	Eisenhower		
Master Plan as	East Small		
public open	Area Plan.		
space or			
roadways,	All proposed		
however, this	development		
restriction is not	shall be		
intended to	reviewed for		
interiaca to	10 / 10 / / 04 101		

		amount of total development on the parcel.	with the design guidelines by the Eisenhower East Design Review Board.		
12	Safeway-Datatel	NR zone regulations shall apply except that the FAR shall not to exceed 0.5 for nonresidential and 0.75 for a mixed use project including residential and ground floor retail uses.	gross floor area (GFA) including above-grade structured parking for the total mixed use development (see CDD guidelines for definition of GFA). Development shall be consistent with the CDD guidelines and the Arlandria Neighborhood plans, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.	The overall height of buildings should be generally consistent with the heights depicted in the UPW Task Force Report Illustrative Plan.	A mixed use, neighborhood center that provides a retail anchor and supporting retail, office and live/work or residential uses with public and private parking.  A minimum of 10 percent of the total number of residential units shall be affordable units.
13	Triangle sites	CL zone regulations shall apply, except	1.0 FAR, except that an increase to	Building height should be limited to 2½	A mix of uses, including some ground floor

		that single, two	1.25 FAR may	to 3 stories,	retail, with
		family, and	be allowed	with step	residential or
		townhouse	with the	downs in	office use, and a
		dwellings are	provision of	building mass	large functional
		prohibited.	affordable	along	open space at
		F	housing	Commonwealt	the corner of
			pursuant to	h Avenue.	Mt. Vernon
			section 7-700,	Maximum	Avenue and
			except that the	building height	Commonwealth
			allowed	is 45 feet.	Avenue.
			density		
			increase may		
			be 25%.		
			New		
			development		
			shall be in		
			accordance		
			with the		
			guidelines in		
			chapter 6 of		
			the Mt.		
			Vernon		
			Avenue		
			Business Area		
			Plan, as		
			adopted in the		
			Potomac West		
			Small Area		
			Plan.		
			1.0 FAR,	Building height	A mix of uses,
			except that an	should be	including
			increase to	limited to 2½	grocery store,
		CL zone	1.25 FAR may	to 3 stories,	pharmacy, and
14	Giant-CVS	regulations shall	be allowed	with step	other ground
		apply.	with the	downs in	floor retail uses,
			provision of	building mass	with residential
			affordable	to adjoining	or office use.
			housing	residential	of office use.
			pursuant to	uses.	

section 7-700, except that the allowed density increase may be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor area of 1.5 The retail shall be				I		
allowed density increase may be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor area of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor ground fl						
density increase may be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				except that the	building height	
increase may be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  increase may be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, space and trails.  principal uses, ground floor				allowed	is 45 feet.	
be 25%. New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vermon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor parking, principal uses, ground floor				density		
New development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.    CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor area, parking, principal uses, ground floor grou				increase may		
development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor  development shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, space and trails.				be 25%.		
shall be in accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				New		
accordance with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.  principal uses, ground floor				development		
with the guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				shall be in		
guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor space, parking, principal uses, ground floor  guidelines in chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				accordance		
chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  chapter 6 of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				with the		
the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  the Mt. Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				guidelines in		
Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Vernon Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				chapter 6 of		
Avenue Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Avenue Business Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				the Mt.		
Business Area Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Business Area Plan,  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor				Vernon		
Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor  Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor  Plan, as adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				Avenue		
adopted in the Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  CRMU-H Zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor building floor area, building floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor  Braddock Gateway  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				Business Area		
Potomac West Small Area Plan.  CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Potomac West Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor  Potomac West Small Area Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				Plan, as		
CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Small Area Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor  Mix of uses including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				adopted in the		
CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets With a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Plan.  The development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor  Plan.  Mix of uses including residential, live- work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				Potomac West		
CRMU-H zoning regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  CRMU-H Zoning development controls for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s), including floor area, building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor  The development controls for each Landbay(s) including residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.				Small Area		
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Gat				Plan.		
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Gat						
regulations apply to the one-acre portion of the site at First and Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor  regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  residential, live-work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor			CRMU-H	The		
Braddock Gateway  Fayette Streets with a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor  Braddock Gateway  Mix of uses including residential, live- work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.			zoning	development		
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Bra			regulations apply	controls for		
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Bra			to the one-acre	each		M. C
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Brayette Streets building(s), including Braddock Braddock Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.  Braddock Brayette Streets Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.  Braddock Braddock Brayette Streets Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.  Braddock Brayette Streets Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.  Braddock Brayette Streets Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.			portion of the	Landbay(s)		
Braddock Gateway  Braddock Gateway  With a maximum floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor  Braddock Gateway  Work units, office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor ground floor			site at First and	and/or		_
15 Gateway  Floor area of 1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor  Braddock Gateway  floor area of 1.25 and building height, amount of open space, parking, principal uses, maximum floor ground floor  office, hotel and retail along with publicly accessible open space and trails.			Fayette Streets	building(s),		
1.25 and OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor material along with publicly accessible open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor	1.5	Braddock	with a maximum	including		1
OCM(50) zoning regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor maximum floor regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the graking, principal uses, ground floor regulations apply amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor regulations apply amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor	15	Gateway	floor area of	floor area,		
regulations apply to the remaining six acres of the site, with a maximum floor maximum floor regulations apply amount of open space, parking, principal uses, ground floor			1.25 and	building		_
to the remaining open space, six acres of the site, with a maximum floor ground floor			OCM(50) zoning	height,		
six acres of the sparking, site, with a principal uses, maximum floor ground floor			regulations apply	amount of		
site, with a principal uses, maximum floor ground floor			to the remaining	open space,		space and trails.
maximum floor ground floor			six acres of the	parking,		
			site, with a	principal uses,		
area of 1.5. The   retail shall be			maximum floor	ground floor		
area of 1.5. The fourth shall be			area of 1.5. The	retail shall be		

	. 1 . 14			
	maximum height	subject to the		
	within the	CDD-15		
	CRMU-H	Concept Plan		
	portion of the	and all CDD		
	site shall be 77	Concept Plan		
	feet and the	conditions, in		
	maximum height	addition to the		
	within the OCM	Braddock		
	50 shall be 50	Metro		
	feet.	Neighborhood		
	Buildings(s)	Plan. The		
	shall comply	actual number		
	with the	of units,		
	Braddock Metro	square footage		
	Neighborhood	and height		
	Plan Design	shall be		
	Guidelines and	determined as		
	other applicable	part of		
	requirements of	development		
	the Braddock	special use		
	Metro	permit for		
	Neighborhood	each		
	Plan.	Landbay(s)		
		and/or		
		building(s).		
		Any proposed		
		development		
		shall conform		
		to the		
		Braddock		
		Metro		
		Neighborhood		
		Plan Design		
		Guidelines.		
	RB/Residential	The		
I D1 1	Townhouse	development	The maximum	Mix of
James Bland	Zone regulations	controls,	heights shall	residential uses
	shall apply	including FAR and	conform to the	(townhouse &
	James Bland	CRMU-H portion of the site shall be 77 feet and the maximum height within the OCM 50 shall be 50 feet. Buildings(s) shall comply with the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines and other applicable requirements of the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  RB/Residential Townhouse Zone regulations	CRMU-H portion of the site shall be 77 feet and the maximum height within the OCM 50 shall be 50 feet. Buildings(s) shall comply with the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines and other applicable requirements of the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan. Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines.	CRMU-H portion of the site shall be 77 feet and the maximum height within the OCM 50 shall be 50 feet. Buildings(s) shall comply with the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines and other applicable requirements of the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan. Guidelines and other applicable requirements of the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines.  Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan Design Guidelines.  The development controls, including The maximum height shall be determined as part of development special use permit for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s). Any proposed development shall conform to the The maximum heights shall conditions, in addition to the Braddock Metro Neighborhood Plan. The actual number of units, square footage and height shall be determined as part of development special use permit for each Landbay(s) and/or building(s). Any proposed development shall conform to the

			number of	CDD-16	multifamily) &
			units for land	Concept Plan.	
			within this	Concept Fian.	open space
			CDD, as		
			shown in the		
			approved		
			CDD-16		
			Concept Plan,		
			in addition to		
			the Braddock		
			East Master		
			Plan		
			provisions in		
			the Braddock		
			Metro		
			Neighborhood		
			Plan. Any		
			proposed		
			development		
			shall conform		
			to the		
			Braddock		
			Metro		
			Neighborhood		
			Plan Design		
			Guidelines.		
			The		
			development		
		CG/Commercial	controls for		
		General and	land within	The maximum	
			this CDD		Mystrifomily
17	Landmark	I/Industrial	shall be as	heights shall	Multifamily residential and
17	Gateway	regulations shall	shown in the	conform to the	
	_	apply (as	approved	CDD Concept	retail
		distinguished on	CDD Concept	Plan.	
		the Zoning Map)	Plan. In		
			addition, any		
			proposed		
			development		
			development		

			for land within this CDD shall conform to the Landmark/Va n Dorn Corridor Plan.		
17a	Cameron Park	CSL/Commercia 1 Service Low Zone regulations shall apply	The development controls, including FAR and number of units for land within this CDD, as shown in the approved CDD-17a Concept Plan, in addition to the provisions in the Landmark Van Dorn Corridor Plan.	The maximum heights shall conform to the CDD-17a Concept Plan	Mix of residential (multifamily and/or townhouse), home for the elderly continuum of care facility for 120 units and retail uses
19	North Potomac Yard	The CSL zone regulations shall apply on the first 250 feet east of Route 1, and the I zone regulations shall apply on the remainder of the site. However, in no case shall the development	Maximum development levels will be as depicted in Table 5 of the CDD conditions. Conversion of square footage between uses may be permitted	Heights shall be as shown in the North Potomac Yard Design Standards dated May 24, 2010.	Mixed-use development to include office, residential, retail and personal service, hotel, parks and open spaces and community facilities.

		exceed 610,000 square feet.	through the development special use permit process. Refer to Table 3 of the CDD conditions for maximum parking ratios.		
20	Harris Teeter of Old Town North	CD/Commercial Downtown Zone regulations shall apply	The development controls, including FAR and number of units for land within this CDD, as shown in the approved CDD-20 Concept Plan, in addition to the provisions in the Old Town North Small Area Plan. Any proposed development shall conform to the Old Town North Design Guidelines.	The maximum heights shall conform to the CDD-20 Concept Plan	Mix of residential (multifamily and/or townhouse) and retail uses.
21	Beauregard	The RA zone shall apply to the	Maximum development	Maximum heights shall be	Mixed-use development to

	existing	levels shall be	as depicted in	include, office,
	residential	as depicted in	the Beauregard	residential,
	portion of the	the	Urban Design	retail and
	Garden District,	Development	Standards and	personal
	Greenway and	Summary	Guidelines	service, hotel,
	Town Center	Table in the	dated March	parks and open
	neighborhoods.	CDD	18, 2013.	spaces, public
	The CG zone	Conditions.		buildings and
	regulations shall			community
	apply to the			facilities.
	existing			
	shopping center			
	in the Town			
	Center			
	neighborhood. In			
	addition to the			
	requirements			
	herein, in the			
	Greenway.			
	Garden District			
	and Town			
	Center			
	neighborhoods,			
	the following			
	shall apply:			
	- The FAR of			
	the existing			
	development			
	shall not			
	increase over the			
	existing FAR.			
	- No building			
	shall be			
	constructed			
	within 50 feet of			
	curb of North			
	Beauregard			
	Street			
		·		-

		The OC zone regulations shall apply to the Adams Neighborhood.  The R-12 zone regulations shall apply to the Upland Park Neighborhood.  The RC zone regulations shall apply for the Southern Towers Neighborhood.  The neighborhoods as referenced herein, shall be the boundaries depicted in the CDD Concept Plan.			
22	Seminary Overlook	The RC regulations shall apply for the portion of the property west of the existing Kenmore Avenue as configured as of the date of City Council's initial approval of CDD #22, and	Maximum development levels shall be as depicted in the Development Summary Table in the CDD Conditions.	Maximum heights shall be as depicted in the Beauregard Urban Design Standards and Guidelines dated March 18, 2013.	Residential, Multifamily Residential.

		the RA zone regulations shall apply for the portion of the property east of Kenmore Avenue.	Goodwin		
23	Fillmore/Beaureg ard	RC/High density and apartment zone RA/Multifamily zone regulations shall apply to the Goodwin House Property (T.M. 011.03-01-06). RA/Multi-family zone regulations shall apply to the Church of the Resurrection Property (T.M. 011.03-01-05) and as may be subdivided in the future.	House Property: Maximum development levels shall be as depicted in the Development Summary Table in the CDD Conditions. All other property: Maximum FAR: 2.5 Minimum Open Space: 25% that is usable and accessible. The open space can be provided on the ground level, as a rooftop amenity or combined, but with a maximum of	The maximum heights shall conform to the CDD Concept Plan with an overall maximum height of 150 for buildings not shown on the Concept Plan.	Senior housing, senior affordable housing, home for the elderly continuum of care facility, nursing care facility, multifamily housing, and churches.

			500/ 0:1		
			50% of the		
			open space		
			percentage		
			shall be		
			permitted to		
			be rooftop		
			open space.		
			The remainder		
			shall be		
			located at		
			grade level.		
			This		
			percentage of		
			open space		
			shall exclude		
			public rights-		
			of-way and		
			streets with		
			public access		
			easements.		
			All proposed		
			development		
			shall conform		
			to the		
			Beauregard		
			Urban Design		
			Standards and		
			Guidelines, as		
			may be		
			amended.		
			amenaca.		
		The CSL, I and	The	Heights and	1) Mixed-use
		R2-5 zone	development	height	development to
	Oakville Triangle	regulations shall	controls for	transitions	include hotel,
		apply to the	each block	shall be as	office,
24	and Route 1	properties as	including	depicted in the	residential,
	Corridor	generally	Gross Floor	approved	home for the
		depicted within	Area (GFA),	Oakville	elderly
		Figure 23 of the	the size of	Triangle and	continuum of
		approved	public open	Route 1	care facility,
		пррготоч	Paone open	10000	care racinty,

Oakville	spaces,	Corridor	nursing home,
Triangle and	ground level	Vision Plan	parks and open
Route 1 Corridor	open spaces,	and Urban	spaces as
Vision Plan and	the land uses,	Design	defined in the
Urban Design	and the	Standards and	zoning
Standards and	ground floor	Guidelines.	ordinance.
Guidelines.	uses shall	Guidelines.	ordinance.
Guidennes.	comply with		2) Primary
	the Oakville		retail,
	Triangle and		ĺ .
	Route 1		secondary
	Vision Plan		retail, and maker uses as
	and Urban		defined in the
	Design Standards and		Oakville Triangle and
			Triangle and
	Guidelines.		Route 1
	A 11 4 4		Corridor Vision
	All streets,		Plan and Urban
	blocks,		Design
	sidewalks,		Standards and
	building		Guidelines.
	forms,		2) G
	building		3) Community
	volumes,		Facilities as
	building		defined in the
	heights, land		Oakville
	uses,		Triangle and
	screening of		Route 1
	parking, retail		Corridor Vision
	design,		Plan and Urban
	signage, open		Design
	space and		Standards and
	associated		Guidelines.
	elements shall		
	comply with		
	the Oakville-		
	Route 1 Route		
	1 Vision Plan		
	and Urban		
	Design		

			Standards.		
			Standards.		
			Any variation		
			from the		
			standards shall		
			require		
			approval by		
			the City		
			Council as		
			part of the		
			DSUP or		
			associated		
			approval		
			application(s).		
			"FF(")"		
			Maximum		Multifamily
			FAR: 3.5.		dwelling; day
			Properties in		care center;
			this zone are		health and
			ineligible to		athletic club;
			request		light assembly,
			Special Use		service and
			Permit		crafts; personal
			approval for	The maximum	service
			the affordable	heights shall	establishment;
		CG/ Commercial	housing bonus	conform to the	massage
2.5	ABC-Giant/Old	Downtown	density	Old Town	establishment;
25	Town North	regulations shall	provisions of	North Small	outdoor dining;
		apply	Section 7-700	Area Plan as	pet supplies,
			of the Zoning	may be	grooming,
			Ordinance.	amended.	training with no
					overnight
			Minimum		accommodation
			open space:		; private school,
			Residential		academic or
			development		commercial,
			shall provide		with more than
			40 percent of		20 students on
			the area of the		the premises at
			lot as open		any one time;

and usable	restaurant; retail
space, the	shopping
location and	establishment;
shape of	and valet
which shall be	parking.
	parking.
subject to the	
director's	
determination	
that it is	
functional and	
usable space	
for residents,	
visitors and	
other persons.	
Such open	
space may be	
located on	
landscaped	
roofs or other	
areas fully	
open to the	
sky which are	
not at ground	
level if the	
Director	
determines	
that such	
space	
functions as	
open space for	
residents to	
the same	
extent that	
ground level	
open space	
would. When	
a development	
includes both	
residential and	
nonresidential	
nomesiaentiai	

uses, the
residential
yard and open
space
regulations
shall be
applicable to
the residential
component of
the
development.
Minimum
yards: None,
except as may
be applicable
pursuant to
the Old Town
North Design
Guidelines
and pursuant
to the
supplemental
yard and
setback
regulations of
Section 7-
1000 and the
zone transition
requirements
of Section 7-
900.
Area
Requirements:
There are no
lot area or
frontage
requirements.

			The height-to-setback ratio required in Section 6-403(A) of the Zoning Ordinance does not apply.  All proposed development shall conform to the Old Town North Design Guidelines as may be amended.		
26	Public Storage/ Boat US	I/Industrial regulations shall apply	Maximum FAR: 2.5  Minimum open space: A minimum of 10% of the land area occupied by primarily non- residential uses shall be provided as publicly- accessible, ground-level useable open space. A minimum of 30% of the	The maximum heights shall conform to the Eisenhower West Small Area Plan as may be amended.	Multifamily dwelling; self-storage/wareho use; animal care facility with no overnight accommodation; catering; glass shop; health and athletic club; improved outdoor recreational facilities intended for passive and/or non-congregate recreational activities; light assembly,

land area	service and
within the	crafts; machine
CDD area	shop;
occupied by	manufacturing;
primarily	massage
residential	establishment;
uses shall be	motor vehicle
provided as	parking or
useable open	storage; outdoor
space, half of	dining; personal
which must be	service
publicly-	establishment;
accessible,	printing and
ground-level	publishing
useable open	services; private
space.	school,
Publicly-	academic or
accessible,	commercial,
ground-level	with more than
useable open	20 students on
space may be	the premises at
provided at	any one time;
any location	recreational
within the	areas consisting
CDD area to	of natural and
meet the open	unimproved
space	geographic
requirement.	features;
	restaurant; retail
Minimum	shopping
yards: None,	establishment;
except as may	valet parking;
be applicable	and wholesale.
pursuant to	
the	
supplemental	
yard and	
setback	
regulations of	
Section 7-	
I I	1

1000	
1000.	
Area	
Requirements:	
There are no	
lot area or	
frontage	
requirements.	
The height-to-	
setback ratio	
required in	
Section 6-	
403(A) of the	
Zoning Ordinance and	
the zone	
transition	
requirements of Section 7-	
900 do not	
apply.	
Maximum	Multifamily
CG/Commercial FAR: 2.52,	dwelling;
General zone   exclusive of:	amusement
regulations shall 1) bonus	enterprise;
apply except that density and The maximum a	active and/or
	congregate
	recreational
Greennill/ West apply for the by Special Landmark-Van	facilities;
2/ Alexandria   nroperty   Use Permit   Dorn Small   3	animal care
	acility with no
addressed 611   Section 7-700   may be	overnight
	ccommodation
	; automobile
Number: 057.04- it may be	and trailer
	rental or sales
	area; business
school and	and

1	2
public	professional
building uses.	office;
	convenience
Minimum	store; day care
open space: A	center; health
minimum of	and athletic
25% of the	club; hotel;
land area	home for the
within the	elderly
CDD area	continuum of
shall be	<u>care facility;</u>
provided as	improved
ground-level,	outdoor
useable open	recreational
space.	facilities
Ground-level	intended for
useable open	passive and/or
space may be	non-congregate
provided at	recreational
any location	activities; light
within the	assembly,
CDD area to	service and
meet the open	crafts; massage
space	establishment;
requirement.	medical office;
In addition to	outdoor dining;
the 25%	personal service
requirement,	establishment;
primarily	private school,
residential	academic or
buildings shall	commercial,
provide	with more than
rooftop open	20 students on
spaces/terrace	the premises at
s or other	any one time;
outdoor	public building;
amenity	public park and
spaces.	community
	recreation
Minimum	buildings,
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

yards: None,	including
except as may	enclosed and
be applicable	semi-enclosed
pursuant to	shelters and
the	pavilions;
supplemental	public school;
yard and	restaurant; retail
setback	shopping
regulations of	establishment;
Section 7-	and valet
1000.	parking.
Area	
Requirements:	
There are no	
lot area or	
frontage	
requirements.	
The height-to-	
setback ratio	
required in	
Section 6-	
403(A) of the	
Zoning	
Ordinance and	
the zone	
transition	
requirements	
of Section 7-	
900 do not	
apply.	

(B) Additional districts may be created from time to time, by designation in the city's master plan and approval of a rezoning application according to the provisions of sections 11-800 and 11-900.

- (C) All proposed development within a CDD shall be consistent with the guidelines for the particular district expressed in the city's master plan, as the same may be amended from time to time.
- (D) All proposed development within a CDD shall be subject to the procedures for review and approval set forth in this section 5-600. Except as provided in section 5-608, any proposed development within a CDD constitutes a special use for which a special use permit is required pursuant to this section 5-600 and section 11-500. In case of a conflict between the special use permit provisions of this section 5-600 and those of section 11-500, this section 5-600 shall control.
- (E) Within each CDD, the following uses are permitted unless in specific conflict with the approved CDD concept plan or DSUP:
  - (1) Convenience store in an office complex.
  - (2) Health and athletic club in an office complex.
  - (3) Day care center.

Article VI. – Special and Overlay Zones

Section 6-700 – KR/King Street urban retail zone.

6-702 – Uses.

Uses in the King Street urban retail zone are divided into two categories, depending on their location, in order to protect and enhance opportunities for existing and future retail uses. The two use categories, which are each further divided into permitted and special uses, are defined as followed:

Ground floor uses: Retail and other active uses are emphasized in the ground floor uses category. The ground floor uses category applies to uses to be located in the space within the first 50 feet of a building, measured from the front building wall, and in a building that is set back no further than 30 feet from a front property and with a first floor of the building within four feet above the sidewalk grade.

*Upper floor uses*: The second category of uses is all space that is not located within the ground floor of a building, as that is defined above. Upper floor uses may be located on floors above the ground floor, in the space on the ground floor beyond the 50 feet threshold for ground floor uses, and in buildings not considered retail appropriate because they are elevated above grade or set back an excessive distance from the street as expressed above.

- (A) Ground floor uses
  - (1) Permitted uses.

- (a) Animal care facility with no overnight accommodations;
- (a.1) Building lobby, with a frontage of less than 30 feet along King Street;
- (b) City sponsored farmers' market;
- (c) Personal service establishment, with a frontage of less than 30 feet along King Street;
- (d) Private school, commercial, with a maximum of 20 students on the premises at one time and with a frontage of less than 30 feet along King Street;
- (e) Retail shopping establishment, 10,000 square feet or less in size;
- (f) Utilities, as permitted by section 7-1200;
- (g) Accessory uses.

#### (2) Special uses:

- (a) Amusement enterprise;
- (b) Food and beverage production, exceeding 3,500 square feet, which includes a retail component;
- (c) Church;
- (d) Convenience store;
- (e) Health and athletic club;
- (f) Hotel;
- (g) Outdoor food and craft market;
- (h) Motor vehicle parking and storage, including as an accessory use to accommodate required parking, in a structure that is visually screened with active uses for at least 25 feet, measured from the property line on King Street.
- (i) Personal service establishment or building or hotel lobby, extending for more than 30 feet along King Street;
- (i.1) Private school, commercial, with a maximum of 20 students on the premises at one time and extending for more than 30 feet along King Street;
- (i) Public building;
- (k) Restaurant, other than pursuant to section 6-702(C);
- (1) Retail shopping establishment, over 10,000 square feet in size.

#### (B) Upper floor uses.

- (1) Permitted uses:
  - (a) Any use permitted as a ground floor use under section 6-702(A)(1);
  - (b) Multifamily dwelling units or accessory apartments;

- (c) Business and professional office;
- (c.1) Day care center;
- (d) Medical office;
- (e) Medical laboratory;
- (f) Personal service establishment;
- (f.1) Private school, commercial, with a maximum of 20 students on the premises at one time;
- (g) Radio or television broadcasting office and studio.
- (2) Special uses:
  - (a) Any use allowed as a ground floor special use under section 6-702(A)(2);
  - (b) Apartment hotel;
  - (c) Catering operation;
  - (d) Congregate housing;
  - (e) Reserved;
  - (f) Home for the elderly Continuum of care facility;
  - (g) Fraternal or private club;
  - (h) Medical care facility;
  - (i) Motor vehicle parking or storage;
  - (i) Newspaper office, including printing and publishing facilities;
  - (k) Private school, commercial or academic, with more than 20 students on the premises at one time;
  - (1) Rooming house;
  - (m) Social service use;
  - (n) Wholesale business.
- (C) Administrative special uses. Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of this ordinance, the following uses may be allowed by the director by administrative review and approval pursuant to the standards and procedures of section 11-513 of this ordinance:
  - (1) Valet parking;
  - (2) Massage establishment;
  - (3) Restaurant (ground floor only).
- (D) *Noncomplying and nonconforming uses.* 
  - (1) *Noncomplying uses*. Notwithstanding the language of section 12-301 regarding the definition of noncomplying uses, any use within the King Street urban retail

zone that is legally existing on 6/21/05 (date of ordinance adoption) and inconsistent with the use provisions of this section 6-702, except for those uses listed under section 6-702(D)(2), shall be deemed a noncomplying use and allowed to continue subject to the rules for noncomplying uses in section 12-302 of this ordinance.

(2) *Nonconforming uses*. Any property which displays automobiles or other vehicles for the purpose of selling them as a business shall be deemed a nonconforming use and required to abate pursuant to section 12-214.

# 6-705 – Building and development requirements.

- (A) Frontage, lot and yard requirements. There shall be no frontage, lot or yard requirements, except for the supplemental yard and setback provisions of section 7-1000 and the zone transition requirements of section 7-900.
- (B) Open space. For residential uses, open space shall be provided in an amount equivalent to a minimum of 150 square feet per dwelling unit. The open space shall be composed of ground level space, and may also include space on balconies, terraces and rooftops. The ground level open space shall be a qualitatively significant component of the total open space. Open space shall be easily accessible and shall be proximate to dwellings.
- (C) Floor area ratio.
  - (1) For properties east of South Peyton Street on the south side and east of Harvard Street on the north side of King Street, the following FAR limits apply:
    - (a) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, the FAR shall not exceed 1.5, except that up to an FAR of 2.5 may be approved with an SUP.
    - (b) Residential. For residential uses, the FAR shall not exceed 1.25, except that an FAR of up to 2.5 may be approved with an SUP.
  - (2) For properties west of South Peyton Street on the south side and west of Harvard Street on the north side of King Street, the following FAR limits apply:
    - (a) Nonresidential. For nonresidential uses, the FAR shall not exceed 2.0, except:
      - (1) An FAR of up to 3.0 may be approved with an SUP.
      - (2) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 3.0 for a lot of record existing on June 24, 1992, that contains less than 15,000 square feet all or a portion of which is within 1,000 feet of the King Street Metro Station; provided however that this paragraph shall not apply to lots abutting King Street, nor to lots west of Daingerfield Road.

### (b) Residential.

(1) For residential uses other than those specified by section 6-705(C)(2)(b)(2) below, the maximum permitted FAR is 1.25, not to exceed one dwelling unit for each 800 square feet of lot area or 54.45 units an acre.

(2) For residential uses located within 1,000 feet of a metrorail station the FAR shall not exceed 2.0, except that an FAR of up to 3.0 may be approved with a special use permit. (c) Transition special use permit. For land within the boundaries of a project approved by a transition special use permit which was valid as of November 1, 1994 and is located within 1,000 square feet of a metrorail station, the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 3.0, without regard to lot lines, with a special use permit.

## (c) Continuum of care facility.

- (1) The maximum permitted floor area ratio is 1.25 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. If a special use permit is approved, a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.
- (2) For continuum of care facilities located with 1,000 feet of a metrorail station the maximum permitted floor area ratio is 2.0 and a maximum of 50 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use. Except that, if a special use permit is approved, the maximum floor area ratio may be increased to an amount not to exceed 3.0 and a maximum of 70 percent of the floor space of the proposed development may be residential use.

# (D) Height.

- (1) For properties east of South Peyton Street on the south side and east of Harvard Street on the north side of King Street, the maximum permitted height of a building is 50 feet.
- (2) For properties west of South Peyton Street on the south side and west of Harvard Street on the north side of King Street, the maximum permitted height shall be consistent with the requirements of the King Street Metro Station Height district, section 6-405.
- (E) Building form. New development for which a site plan is required shall comply with the following requirements.
  - (1) Rear stepback. The building shall be contained within a building envelope described by a 1.5 (run) to 1.0 (rise) sloping plane beginning at a point five feet above grade at the common rear property line, when the property abuts residential use.
  - (2) Ground floor retail space. In order to accommodate quality retail space, the ground floor of the building shall: (a) Be built to a floor to floor height of no less than 14 feet; and (b) Provide storefront or show windows along a minimum of 75 percent of the King Street frontage, except where preservation of an historic building would preclude meeting this criterion as determined by the BAR.
- (F) King Street retail strategy.

- (1) A special use permit for increased floor area ratio or height under this section 6-705 shall be reviewed, in addition to other pertinent issues, for compliance with the King Street retail strategy, as adopted as part of the master plan.
- (2) The Storefront Guidelines of the King Street retail strategy shall be applied by the board of architectural review in considering exterior alterations on King Street, to the extent not inconsistent with BAR guidelines for redevelopment of building facades.

Article VIII. – Off-Street Parking and Loading

Section 8-200 – General parking regulations.

- (A) Schedule of requirements. The following number of parking spaces shall be provided for each use listed. In the case of any use not listed in this section 8-200(A), the requirements of the most similar listed use shall apply. The requirements of this section 8-200(A) may be reduced when special zoning allows parking reductions and the required approvals of the director and the director of transportation and environmental services have been obtained and the conditions of said approval are complied with.
  - (15) Homes for the elderly Continuum of care facilities: one space per each two units plus one space for each two guest rooms, except for homes for the low income elderly continuum of care facilities, one space per each four units plus one space for each four guest rooms only with a special use permit.