

Proposed Text Amendment to Section 7-700 (Bonus Density) to Maximize Production of Affordable Housing

City Council May 13, 2017

Stock Housing Affordable

Affordable housing stock in the city



Affordable Condos/SF

~13% citywide housing stock

Market Affordable—nonsubsidized units affordable due to their age, amenities, condition, and/or location

93% 2000-2017

Committed Affordable—units receiving assistance (local and/or federal) or made affordable through developer contributions

~5% citywide housing stock

18,218



1,288

Rental and for-sale set-aside units secured through development process, including through bonus density and height

Publicly assisted housing units (public housing, nonprofit housing projects, HUD-funded affordable units in privately-owned properties)



What do we mean by affordable?

2017 AMI (Area Median Income)

Household Size/AMI	1-Person	2-Person	3-Person	4-Person	
30% AMI	\$23,200	\$26,500	\$29,800	\$33,100	ARHA/ DCHS
40% AMI	\$30,920	\$35,320	\$39,720	\$44,120	
50% AMI	\$38,650	\$44,150	\$49,650	\$55,150	Committed affordable rentals
60% AMI	\$46,380	\$52,980	\$59,580	\$66,180	Terridis
80% AMI	\$61,840	\$70,640	\$79,440	\$88,240	Committed
100% AMI	\$77,300	\$88,300	\$99,300	\$110,300	affordable for-sale

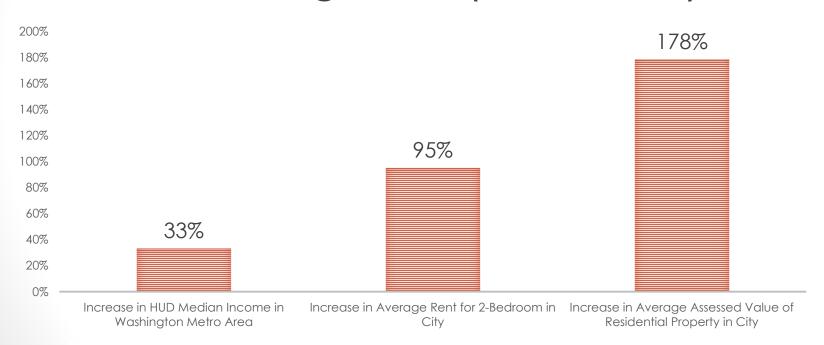
Bonus density/ height units

Sources: 2017 HUD Income Limits for 30% and 50% AMI for Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD HUD Metro Fair Market Rent Area); FY 2017 Multifamily Tax Subsidy Project Income Limits for 60% AMI; and Office of Housing for 40% AMI and Mathematical 80% AMI (figures have not been rounded)



Housing affordability challenge

■ Incomes are not keeping pace with housing costs (2000-2017)



Source: HUD Income Limits, 2000-2017; City of Alexandria, Office of Housing 2017 Apartment Survey and Office of Real Estate Assessments, 2000-2017

Importance of affordable housing in the city

- High housing cost burden
- Essential to a competitive and sustainable economy
 - Employers look for a skilled, stable, and diverse workforce
 - Local workers live and spend in the city

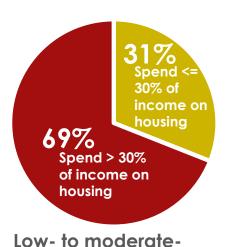


Residency of City's Workforce: 75% of Alexandria's workforce lives outside of the City

Source: 2009-2013 ACS 5-Year Estimates

Source. 2007 2010 New 3 Tear Estimates

Impacts city transportation network



income households (w/incomes up to \$75,000)

Source: 2011-2015 ACS 5-Year Estimates

Section 7-700—Housing Master Plan tool

- Provides for added bonus density (up to 20%) and/or height (up to 25' in areas without a 50' or lower height limit) in exchange for affordable housing
 - ☐ 1/3 of bonus units (or equivalent) must be committed affordable
- Affordable offsite units permitted if equivalent in value
- Cash in lieu of units permitted if mutually agreed to
- More than 20% bonus permitted if authorized by small area plan
 - Approved in 2015 Eisenhower West Small Area Plan
 - Proposed in Old Town North and North Potomac Yard Small Area Plans (June 2017)

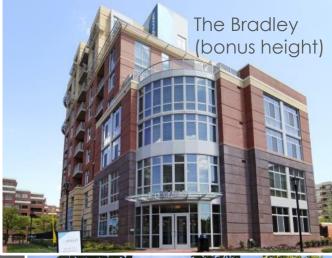


BONUS

BY-RIGHT

Jackson Crossing (affordable housing project)









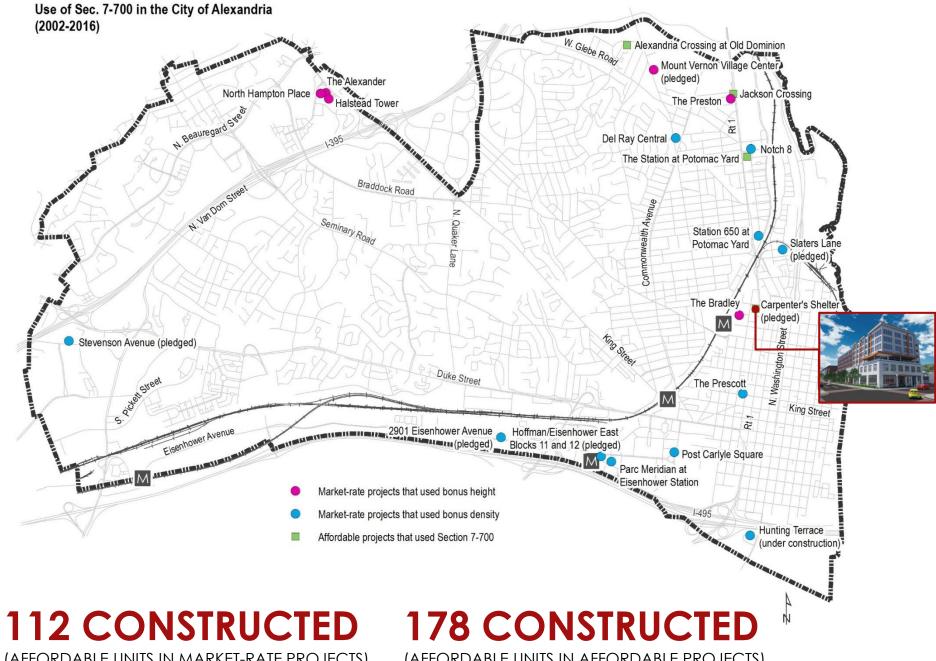












(AFFORDABLE UNITS IN MARKET-RATE PROJECTS)

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+ 135 PLEDGED

+ 97 PLEDGED



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- Purpose: to incentivize and maximize the production of affordable housing at no financial cost to the City
- Amendment: Increase the bonus density limit from 20% to 30%
 - Sec. 7-700 would allow increases greater than 30% if authorized by relevant small area plan



Bonus density increase analysis

- Conducted at request of City Council in 2015 collaboration between Planning & Housing
- Initial analysis concluded a bonus density increase from 20% to 30% might produce modest results due to:
 - Changes in construction type
 - Cost of parking
 - Zoning restrictions and site constraints
- Innovation in construction and new parking standards as well as evolving housing preferences toward smaller units may now encourage greater use of bonus density option
- Even an incremental increase of affordable units at no financial cost to City is desirable



- Zoning requirements remain in force to ensure neighborhood compatibility:
 - Public engagement process
 - Open space
 - Setbacks and stepbacks
 - Sewer capacity
 - Parking
 - Transportation management



Bonus density increase considerations (cont.)

- ☐ Zoning requirements remain in force to ensure neighborhood compatibility:
 - Height
 - Design and other factors

Projects in zones with a 50' or lower height restriction may not exceed their height cap when using bonus density

Stakeholder feedback to date



Alexandria Housing Affordability Advisory Committee

(April 2015-present)

Endorsed bonus density increase to 30%

Planning Commission (July 2015)

Briefing

NAIOP, Government Relations Subcommittee

(May 2015-February 2017)

Endorsed bonus density increase to 30%

Federation of Civic Associations (March 2017)

Listening Session

Public Meeting (April 2017)

Listening Session

Planning Commission feedback

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- Three SAPs have recommended this amendment; it reflects community consensus
- Keep bringing forward tools and ideas to increase affordable housing (i.e., to make best use of limited financial resources)
- Push the envelope:
 - Increase BD amount beyond 30%
 - Seek a higher proportion of affordable units
 - Revise height caps to make program more useful
 - Consider amendments to target lower income levels
 - Future SAPs and CDDs should be clear on whether proposed density includes bonus density
- Unanimous approval (7-0)



Reference slides

Stakeholder feedback



- ☐ Federation of Civic Associations (March 29, 2017)
 - Do projects that use bonus density mitigate transportation and other project-related issues?
 - Can projects that use bonus density exceed their height caps?
 - How will projects that use bonus density pay for the costs associated with schooling school-aged children residing in affordable set-aside units?

Stakeholder feedback (cont.)



Public meeting

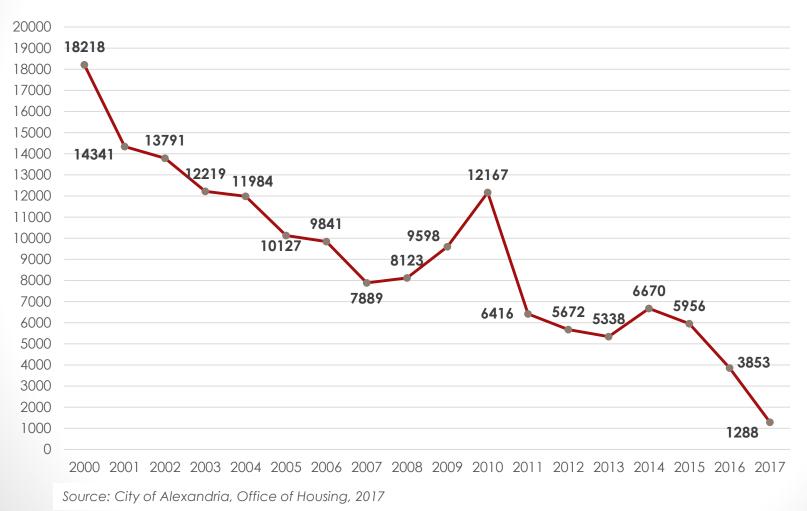
(April 5, 2017)

- Set-asides should provide for deeper levels of affordability (lower than 60% AMI).
- Inadequate parking for residents and visitors was raised as a concern.
- Larger set-asides (3-bedroom) should be provided.
- Can unused bonus density be transferred to another site?

Housing affordability challenge: Loss of market affordable housing



2000-2017 TRENDS



18

Housing affordability challenge: The need for committed affordable units



- Committed affordable ~ 5% of City's housing stock
- Long waitlists:
 - Housing Choice Vouchers: 2,291 households (ARHA, 2016)
 - General public housing: 1,109 (ARHA, 2016)
- Demand fueled by:
 - ☐ Growth in housing costs
 - Loss of market affordable units
 - Expiring affordability contracts/terms
 - Growth in Baby Boomer generation
 - Projected growth in lowerpaying sectors

Table 9. Job Growth by Sector, 2013-2023 Greater Washington Region

Ranked by New Iol

	Net New	Inha Manakad bu	Total	
	Jobs	Jobs Vacated by Retirees	New Jobs	Share of New Jobs
Professional & Business Services	208,390	70,000	278,390	35.8%
State & Local Government	46,200	51,170	97,380	12.5%
Construction	63,070	16,340	79,410	10.2%
Education & Health Services	43,150	53,900	97,050	12.5%
Transportation, Trade & Utilities	15,440	44,370	59,810	7.7%
Leisure & Hospitality	22,640	17,230	39,870	5.1%
Information	15,570	9,140	24,710	3.2%
Financial Activities	3,190	22,600	25,780	3.3%
Other Services	1.350	25.620	26.970	3.5%
Military (1)	5,020	780	5,800	0.7%
Manufacturing	(1,910)	11,780	9,870	1.3%
Federal Government	(41,390)	73,960	32,560	4.2%
Total	380,700	396,900	777,600	100.0%

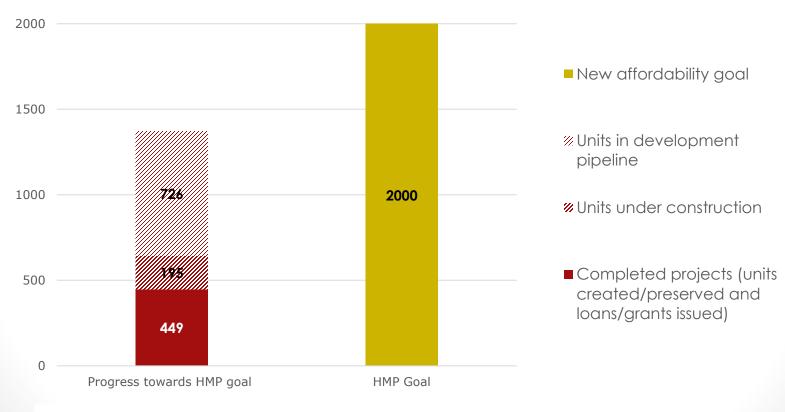
Numbers may not add due to rounding

⁽¹⁾ Retirees only include those in private housing and over 55 years old.





2,000 units with new affordability by 2025



Source: City of Alexandria, Office of Housing, April 10, 2017

Other Jurisdictions



- Arlington County
 - ☐ Affordable Housing Ordinance (codified in State Code; mandatory contribution or units above 1.0 FAR)
 - Bonus density (25%) and height (up to 6 stories)
 - Columbia Pike, Clarendon, and Nauck Village provisions
- Fairfax County
 - ☐ Inclusionary zoning w/bonus density (20%) for rezonings/subdivisions/site plans of a specific size and in target areas
 - Voluntary program w/bonus density (20%)
 - Tysons Corner requirement
- Montgomery County
 - MPDU Program: inclusionary zoning w/bonus density (22%)
- Washington, DC
 - Inclusionary zoning w/density, height, and lot occupancy bonus

2013 Housing Master Plan ~ Housing for All

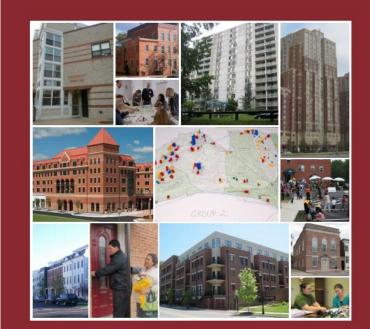


- Housing options at all incomes, lifestages, and abilities
- Citywide distribution of affordable units to help foster social and cultural diversity and mixed-income communities
- Emphasis on opportunities in higher-density areas with strong access to transit, jobs, and amenities
- Establishes goal of 2,000 units with new affordability by 2025

www.alexandriava.gov/HousingPlan

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VA

HOUSING MASTER PLAN



Typical Hourly Wages:

- Housekeeper: \$12.70
- Retail Sales Person: \$14.20
- Home Health Aid: \$14.46
- ACPS Nutrition Assistant I: \$14.44 (Step 4)
- Bank Teller: \$14.58
- Security Guard: \$15.31
- Child Care Worker: \$15.52
- Alexandria Senior Records Clerk: \$16.19 (starting)
- E-commerce Customer Service Representation: \$17.60
- Delivery Truck Driver: \$19.61
- Alexandria Labor Supervisor-Parks: \$20.38 (starting)
- Alexandria Bilingual Case Worker: \$21.41 (starting)
- Cardiac Technician: \$21.95
- Alexandria Firefighter I: \$22.02 (median)
- ACPS Second Grade Teacher: \$22.71-\$27.10 (Steps 1-6, working 196 days*)
- Alexandria Police Officer I: \$23.01 (starting)
- Auto Mechanic: \$24.28
- Alexandria Fiscal Officer I: \$27.32 (starting)
- Alexandria Police Crime Analyst: \$27.312 (starting)
- Plumber: \$26.90
- Electrician: \$30.42
- General Manager: \$31.14
- Librarian: \$31.15
- Accountant: \$31.23
- Alexandria Civil Engineer IV: \$34.87 (starting)
- Dental Hygienist: \$36.19
- Computer Programmer: \$40.06
- Physical Therapist: \$42.05
- Alexandria Public Health Physician Supervisor: \$52.45 (starting)

Sources: National Housing Conference 2016 Paycheck to Paycheck (www.nhc.org); City of Alexandria Public Schools 2016-17 Salary Scales; City of Alexandria Job Opportunities webpage (January 30, 2017); City of Alexandria 2017 Market Rent Survey Wage: ((average

rent/.3)*12months)/2,080 work

hours per year



Who can afford to rent an average apartment in the City?

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Hourly wage needed to rent in Alexandria in 2017 (rent assumed to equal 30% of income):

1 Bedroom (\$1,641): \$31.55

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2 Bedroom (\$2,016): \$38.76



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