

# Combined Sewer System Long Term Control Plan Update

City Council May 26, 2015

**Transportation and Environmental Services** 

Stormwater and Sanitary Infrastructure Division





### **Agenda**

- Combined Sewer System Mandate
- Long Term Control Plan Update Planning Process
- Project Status
- Next Steps
- Discussion

Note: The stormwater system and combined sewer system have two separate permits administered by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality with different mandates



### What is the Policy Question?

 Council consideration of a short list of CSO (combined sewer outfall) control strategies for further evaluation, which will include feasibility and cost



# **Combined Sewer System Mandate**



E PROINIE

- Hunting Creek Bacteria Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL):
  - 80-99% reduction in combined sewer discharges from Royal St and Hooffs Run CSOs
- August 2013 Permit:
  - City must update Long Term Control Plan to address Hunting Creek TMDL
  - Due to Virginia
     Department of
     Environmental Quality in
     August 2016
  - Includes public outreach





# Long Term Control Plan Update Planning Process

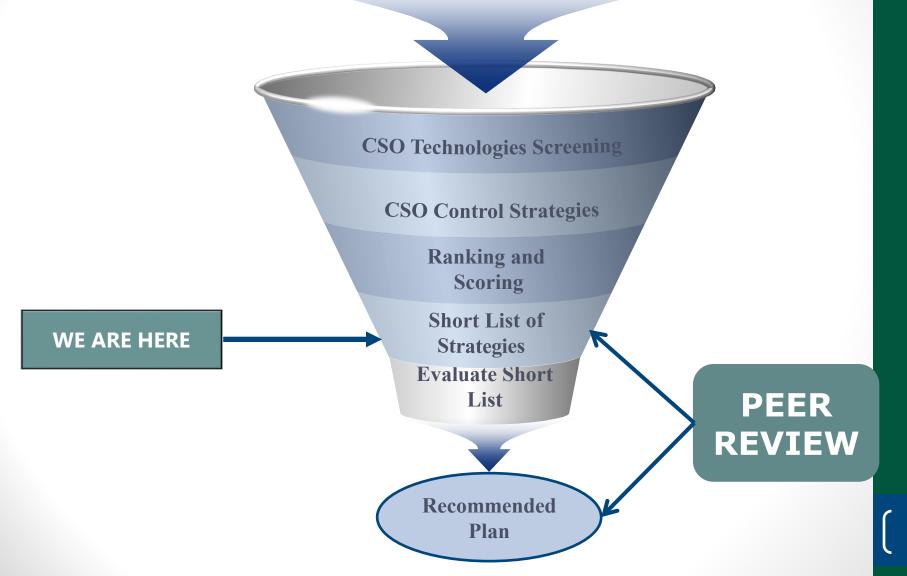




- Store and treat: build CSO storage and send to wastewater treatment facility after CSO event for high level of treatment
  - Storage tanks (aboveground or underground)
  - Deep tunnels
- Sewer separation: build new sewers to separate all storm and sanitary sewers in Old Town
- Green infrastructure: Reduce stormwater runoff
- Disinfection: kill the bacteria in the overflow
- Combination of the above strategies

# Long Term Control Plan Update Decision Process







### **Peer Review Panel**

- Independent check of the Long Term Control Plan Update progress to:
  - Confirm approach or identify additional alternatives
  - Facilitate the best possible plan for the City
- Peer Review Panel:
  - Director of the Clean Rivers Program, DC Water
  - Director of Public Utilities, City of Richmond
  - Director of Water Resources, City of Lynchburg
  - Independent Consultant, experience with several large CSO programs



## **Project Status**



### **Technical Memoranda**





### **Evaluation Criteria**

#### **City's Evaluation Criteria**

- Cost
- CSO Reduction (volume)
- Effectiveness (bacteria reduction)
- Implementation Effort
- Impact to the Community
- Expandability
- Net Environmental Benefit
- Potential Credits for Chesapeake Bay TMDL
- Permitting Issues
- Required Maintenance

- Assigned weighting
- Ranked combined sewer control strategies based on criteria





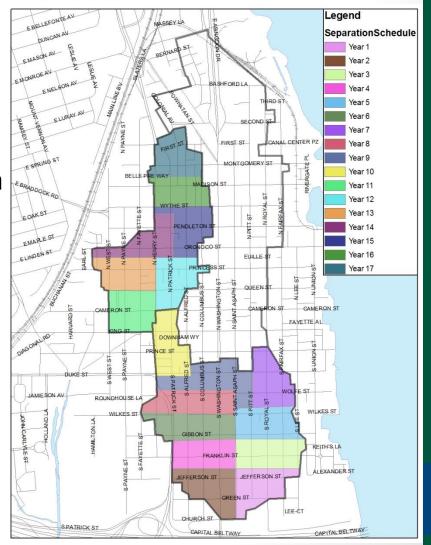


Rank	CSO Control Strategy
9	Complete Sewer Separation
8	Green Infrastructure
7	Separate Disinfection Facilities
6	One Storage Tunnel (relocate outfalls to the Potomac)
5	Storage Tunnel for Hooffs Run and Disinfection at Royal Street
4	Separate Storage Tanks
3	One Storage Tunnel
2	Storage Tunnel for Hooffs Run and Storage Tank at Royal Street
1	Separate Storage Tunnels

# 9. Complete Sewer Separation

**Not Recommended** 

- 19 acres under construction continuously for 17 years
  - Unrealistic before 2035
- No reduction in number of overflows until full separation is completed
- Additional area added to the stormwater (MS4) permit
  - No nutrient credit
- Potential impact of historical character
- Most disruptive
- Cost: \$300 \$450 M





### 8. Green Infrastructure

## Recommended as Integrated Complementary Strategy Not Recommended as Primary Strategy

- Reduces stormwater volume, but does not address bacteria load directly
- How evaluated:
  - Implement on <u>ALL</u> Cityowned parcels and City right-of-way
- Results:
  - 20-30% reduction in combined sewer overflow volume
  - Will not achieve regulatory compliance
  - Full implementation of green infrastructure unrealistic by 2035
- Cost: \$140 \$210 M











**Not Recommended** 

- Primary criteria for elimination:
   Safety concerns related to
   transportation and storage of
   chemicals (chlorine) in urban area
- No reduction in combined sewer volume
- Only kills bacteria, other pollutants remain
- Cost: \$65 \$100 M

### 6. One Storage Tunnel

OF ALEXANDER STREET, AND ALEXANDER STREET, A

(relocate outfalls to the Potomac River)
Not Recommended

- Primary criteria for elimination: Relocated outfall invites significant regulatory, permitting challenges
  - All other store and treat strategies considered do not require outfall to the Potomac
- Most costly store and treat option
- Cost: \$130 \$195 M





**Not Recommended** 

- Primary criteria for elimination:
   Safety concerns related to transportation and storage of chemicals (chlorine) in urban area
- No reduction in combined sewer volume at Royal Street
- Only kills bacteria, other pollutants remain from Royal Street outfall
- Cost: \$85 \$130 M



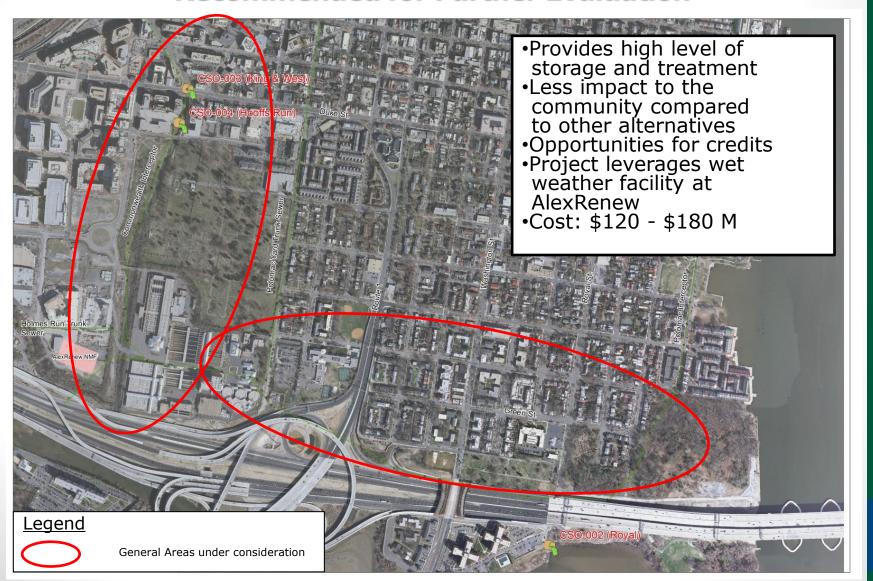
## 4. Separate Storage Tanks Not Recommended

- Primary criteria for elimination:
   Siting Challenges
  - Tank/construction under Duke Street
  - Major disruption to traffic
  - Future maintenance challenges
- Does not address additional wet weather issues that control strategies #1-3 address
- Cost: \$90 \$135 M

### 3. One Storage Tunnel

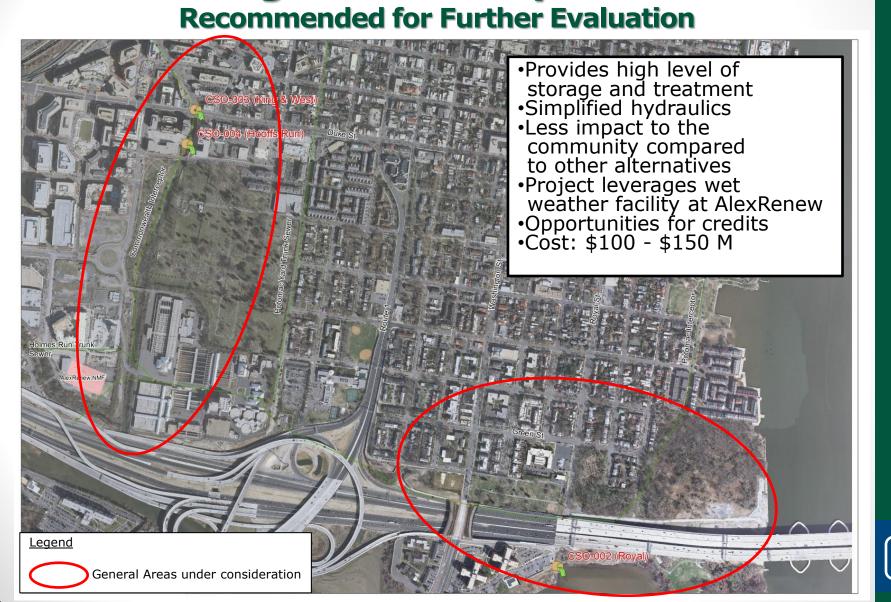
(Connect Outfalls)
Recommended for Further Evaluation





## 2. Storage Tunnel for Hooffs Run and Storage Tank at Royal Street





### 1. Separate Storage Tunnels

**Recommended for Further Evaluation** 











### **Primary Strategies**

(will select one for final plan)

- 1. Separate storage tunnels
- 2. Storage Tunnel for Hooffs Run and Storage Tank at Royal Street
- 3.One storage tunnel

### <u>Complementary</u> <u>Strategies</u>

(may include one or more)

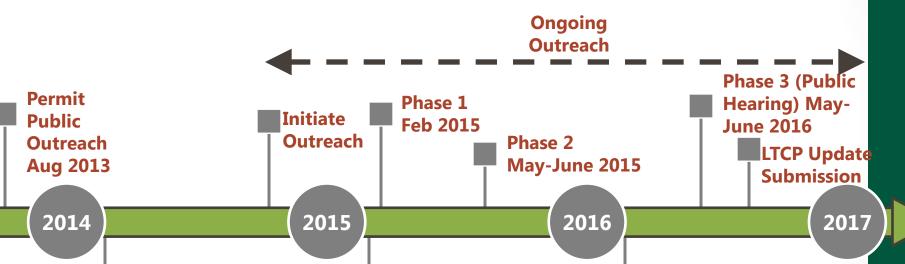
- 1. Green Infrastructure
- 2. Targeted Sewer Separation



### **Next Steps**

# Schedule for Long Term Control Plan Update





Develop list of CSO control strategies, establish evaluation criteria, set up basis of costs

Evaluate CSO control strategies based on evaluation criteria and cost.

Develop short list of alternatives for further analysis including feasibility of construction.

Finalize recommended alternative and complete LTCP Update report for submission to VDEQ

**CSO:** Combined Sewer Overflow LTCP: Long Term Control Plan

**VDEQ: Virginia Department of Environmental Quality** 

### Next Steps for Long Term Control Plan Update

COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PART

- Further evaluation of short list of CSO control strategies
- Siting and alignment studies
  - Property owners and other stakeholders
  - Easements
  - Permitting
  - Utilities
  - Cultural Resources
- Geotechnical and soil permeability studies
- Refine costs of CSO control strategies
- Final CSO control strategy selection
- Develop implementation plan





- City has been collaborating with AlexRenew on regulatory issues including CSO permits, Long Term Control Plan Update and EPA inspections
- AlexRenew, City and Fairfax County have been working on a plan to mitigate sanitary sewer overflows and basement backups due to wet weather
- AlexRenew could potentially build, own and/or operate facilities constructed as part of Long Term Control Plan Update





### Prior Public Outreach and Engagement since Permit Issuance in August 2013

#### **Upcoming Outreach:**

- What's Next Alexandria Civic Engagement Principles will be applied
- May 18, 2015: Environmental Policy Commission
- May 26, 2015: City Council Work Session
- June 18, 2015: Phase II Public Meeting
  - Background information on CSOs and new permit requirements
  - Discussion of CSO control strategies and evaluation criteria
  - Discussion of recommended strategies for further evaluation
- June/July 2015: Civic/Citizen Associations, Business Community and other stakeholders



### **Discussion**





### **Primary Strategies**

(will select one for final plan)

- 1. Separate storage tunnels
- 2. Storage Tunnel for Hooffs Run and Storage Tank at Royal Street
- 3.One storage tunnel

### <u>Complementary</u> <u>Strategies</u>

(may include one or more)

- 1. Green Infrastructure
- 2. Targeted Sewer Separation



### **Questions/Comments**

## **THANK YOU!**