Short Term Rentals Update





By the numbers

- 460 registered units and 265 probable unregistered units
- 0.88% of housing stock





Alex311 – 33 calls

- 48% trash
- 33% noise
- 12% party houses
- 12% parking
- 9% potential overcrowding

Police – 65 calls

- 15% burglaries/larceny
- 14% suspicious activity
- 11% noise
- 11% disorderly conduct
- 6% alarms triggered
- 6% potential drug sales/use

Benefits

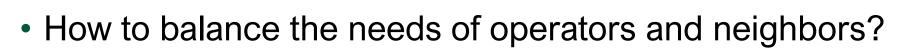
- Supplemental income for homeowners
- Bridge gap between completion and full lease-out of building
- Segment of the traveling prefers STRs
- Tax revenue to city and state

Fiscal Year	Short-Term Rental, Local TOT	Estimated Local Sales Tax, 1%	Approximate Total Local Short- Term Revenue	Approximate State TOT, 3%	Estimated State Sales Tax, 5%	Approximate Total State Short- Term Revenue
FY22	\$1,229,976	\$168,412	\$1,398,388	\$505,236	\$842,060	\$1,347,297
FY23	\$3,112,796	\$426,214	\$3,539,010	\$1,278,641	\$2,131,068	\$3,409,709
FY24 YTD (March)	\$2,265,022	\$310,134	\$2,575,156	\$930,401	\$1,550,669	\$2,481,070





Policy questions



- How to promote/require responsible short-term rental practices?
- How to establish a better process for handling complaints?

Policy Goals - Regulations that are

- simple
- sensible
- cost-effective
- enforceable

Study timeline



- Short Term Rentals Update
- July through September 2024: 24/7 virtual town hall to present and gather feedback on initial regulation recommendations.
- September 2024: Redraft recommended regulations based on public comments and develop Zoning Ordinance text amendment language.
- October 2024: Planning Commission workshop on proposed text amendment language and second 24/7 virtual townhall presentation. City Council briefings.
- December 2024: Planning Commission and City Council hearings on proposed text amendments.